

BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

Volume 8, No. 98

BRAINERD, MINN., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1908

Price Two Cents

REPLIES TO MR. BRYAN'S SPEECH

President Roosevelt Combats Charges of Nebraskan.

DEFENDS HIS ADMINISTRATION

Nation's Chief Executive Sets Forth In Detail What Has Been Done Under His Direction Toward Curbing the Tendency of Capital to Centralize With a View of Destroying Competition—Compares Deeds With Promises.

Washington, Sept. 28.—President Roosevelt has made reply to William J. Bryan's recent speech in which he maintained that the Democratic party and platform were not getting a square deal in the campaign. The president's reply deals particularly with Mr. Bryan's assertion that the administration has been neither sincere nor effective in the prosecution of trusts. Mr. Roosevelt combats this charge with characteristic emphasis, and sets forth in detail what has been done under his direction toward curbing the tendency of capital to centralize with a view of destroying competition.

President Roosevelt's letter, in part, follows:

"I have seen your letter published in Sunday morning's papers. As to most of what you say about me personally I do not regard any answer as necessary. When you say that I am unfair to your platform you reiterate certain opinions as to which I had quoted, with my hearty approval Governor Hughes in my first letter; and these, therefore, it is also unnecessary to answer. You have not answered the Hughes speech; and in my judgment you do well not to make the attempt. You say that your platform declares in favor of vigorous enforcement of the law against guilty trust magnates and officials and that the platform upon which Mr. Taft stands makes no such declaration. It was not necessary. That platform approves the policies of this administration and promises to continue them; and here, as usual, I have only to compare your words with the deeds of the administration or of Mr. Taft. You merely promise in your platform that you intend to do just what this administration has actually done and is doing.

Deeds and Words Compared.

"To show the difference between deeds and words I will compare the record of this administration with the record of one of your most prominent supporters at the moment, Mr. Olney, attorney general under the last Democratic administration. While Mr. Olney was attorney general no cases whatever were brought under the anti-trust law against combinations of capital, the only new cases which he brought being directed against combinations of workmen. During that entire administration the only cases brought against combinations of capital under the anti-trust act were four in number, two of which were unsuccessful; one of the other two being the case which was decided by Judge Taft in favor of the government.

"Under this administration a mass of such cases have been brought, including the case against the Northern Securities company; against the beef packers; against the Federal Salt company; against the General Paper company; against the Otis and elevator companies; against the American Tobacco company; against the powder trust; against the Virginia Carolina Chemical company; against the Standard Oil company and others.

"In a number of these cases the government has already succeeded, by injunctions and otherwise. Some of the cases are now pending. In hardly any important case against great law-breaking corporations has the government yet suffered final defeat.

Suppression of Railway Abuses.

"As regards suits to suppress railway abuses; under the last Democratic administration there were no indictments against shippers for receiving rebates or secret rates. Under my administration there have been forty-nine indictments for secret rebates, resulting in eighteen convictions; and in only four cases have these indictments failed. The other twenty-seven cases are still pending. Among the railroads which have been convicted are the Chicago and Alton; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy; the New York Central; the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific; and the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul; while scores of cases are still pending against other leading railroads.

"Among the shippers that have been convicted are some of the greatest corporations in the United States as for instance, the American Cattle

company, the aggregate fine actually paid being more than \$150,000; Swift & Co.; Armour Packing company; the Cudahy Packing company; Nelson, Morris & Co., each of whom was fined \$15,000, and the cases have now been carried to the supreme court. The Standard Oil case is still pending. This is a record of actual achievement and beside it mere promises are empty, indeed; and they would not be made now with any possibility of performance resulting. If it were not for the achievements above recited.

"You state that the steel company with my express consent purchased one of the largest rivals and thus obtained control of over 50 per cent of the total output. This action of the steel company (which increased its share of the total output by only about 4 per cent, and in no way altered the standing of the company under the law) may have been a violation of your plan, the absurdity of which has been exposed by Governor Hughes. But there was no violation of the law. I was cognizant of the entire transaction. It was not entered into by the steel corporation of its own desire, but solely at the urgent request of the corporation purchased and of the big banks holding that corporation's securities, in order to enable them to prevent a crash which would have turned the panic of last fall into the most widespread disaster. I should indeed have been derelict in my duty if I had not so acted and efficiently used all the power of the government where it could be legally and properly used (as it was in this case) to see that the panic was kept within the smallest possible radius and the damage caused as slight as possible.

Distinctions Based on Conduct.

"You would better understand the principle on which I acted if you would rid yourself of the idea that I am trying to discriminate for or against any man or corporation because he or it is either wealthy or not wealthy. I regard such discrimination in either direction as utterly incompatible with a spirit of honesty and fair dealing. I base my distinctions on conduct, not on relative wealth. When the same men who were leaders in the steel corporation acted in connection with the Northern Securities suit in a manner which I regard as contrary to the law, by my direction successful suit was immediately undertaken against them. If they violate the law in connection with any act of the steel corporation, I will immediately proceed against them. Until they do violate the law they will be treated precisely as any other corporation, great or small which obeys the law. Is treated."

The president also scores Mr. Bryan for "insincerity" in making statements calculated to create an impression that because men having connections with large corporations contributed to the Republican national campaign fund four years ago and to the Republican campaign fund in New York state two years ago, Mr. Roosevelt and Governor Hughes necessarily must be believed to have guided their official conduct with particular consideration for these contributions. He mentions his own administration's record, and particularly the case of Harriman, and Governor Hughes' unvarying policy of impartiality as sufficient to show the unfounded nature of any such insinuation.

President Roosevelt again delves into the career of Governor Haskell, the deposed treasurer of the Democratic national committee, and also draws some striking conclusions, far from complimentary to the Democratic presidential candidate, from a comprehensive review and consideration of the Nebraska man's candidacies and the source of the funds that went to finance them.

Forest Fires in Ohio.

Cleveland, Sept. 28.—Forest fires are raging beyond the city limits in many directions. West of the city hundreds of acres of wood and meadow are afire and traveling rapidly toward Rocky River, a small village seven miles from Cleveland. Scores of residents are fighting apparently in vain, to check the progress of the flames.

NOW BEYOND CONTROL.

Forest Fires Raging in the Adirondack Mountains.

Utica, N. Y., Sept. 28.—The forest fires in the Adirondacks, fanned by a strong wind, are now beyond control of the hundreds of men who are fighting them. According to reports received here large areas are swept by the flames and several small villages and camps are burning.

Long Lake West, a village of 100 inhabitants, has been burned. The preserve of Dr. Webb at Nebasane was threatened. Several camps and hamlets are seriously threatened. The fires are raging, not alone along the ground brush, but high up in the trees

TWENTY MEET DEATH AT SEA

British Vessel Is Wrecked Off Foster Island.

FOUR OF THE CREW SAVED

While All the Others on Board the Ill-Fated Craft Perished—Ship Driven on the Reef During a Gale and It Was Impossible to Attempt a Rescue From the Shore on Account of the High Seas.

Launceston, Tasmania, Sept. 28.—The British ship Loch Finlas, from Port Pirie, South Australia, for Callao, was wrecked off Foster Island and twenty of the crew of twenty-four were drowned. The other four men were picked up by a passing steamer.

Foster island lies a short distance off the northeast coast of Tasmania and it is surrounded by dangerous shoals. Early in the day the residents of the island observed a large ship in distress. A gale, accompanied by a high sea, was blowing and the vessel soon struck the reef. The crew could be seen trying to lower the boats, when suddenly the ship sank. To attempt a rescue from the shore was impossible on account of the heavy seas, but a steamer in the distance had sighted the wreck and made all speed to where the ship had gone down. Only four men were found. They were clinging to an upturned boat. They report that the second mate became insane during the height of the storm and jumped overboard.

The Loch Finlas was of 2,062 tons burden and was commanded by Captain Dean.

ANTICIPATE SERIOUS EPIDEMIC OF DISEASE

Authorities Fear It Will Follow Excessive Dry Spell.

Pittsburg, Sept. 28.—With losses aggregating several million dollars from forest fires and heavy damage to crops and live stock; the reported loss of a number of lives due to fighting timber conflagrations; the enforced idleness of thousands of workmen owing to the suspension of manufacturing establishments because of lack of water; the health authorities anticipating a serious epidemic of contagious disease and many small streams dried up and obliterated, the drought of 1908, which has held Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia in its grasp for more than two months, remains unbroken; each day gradually increasing the seriousness of the unprecedented situation.

Three times during the excessive dry spell there have been slight rains, accompanied by much thunder and lightning, but the rainfall was so slight that many persons were unaware of the fact and were only convinced that it had rained when shown evidences of the same on tin roofs.

Aside from the millions of feet of timber destroyed and the daily loss to manufacturers and farmers, probably the most serious phase of the situation is the threatened disease epidemic. A majority of the population of Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia are even now suffering from throat affections caused by the great accumulation of dust and the heavy clouds of smoke. In this city, used to smoke, the sun is almost obscured by the smoke from the forest fires miles away and persons in the vicinity of these fires are experiencing great difficulty in breathing. It is feared that when rain does come it will wash great amounts of filth into the already stagnant streams, with the result that disease, especially typhoid fever, will become epidemic. The health authorities have sounded warnings to the public to boil all water used for internal purposes and say by doing this only can many deaths and much sickness be prevented.

FIVE MEN KILLED.

Big Charge of Dynamite Explodes Prematurely.

Scranton, Pa., Sept. 28.—Three Americans and two Italians were blown to pieces by an explosion of dynamite while working at Cross Keys cut along the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad near Tobyhanna. The five men were tamping a hole containing eighteen inches of dynamite when it prematurely exploded.



Now You'll want Coats

And we have correct kinds

These cold days are but forerunners of what will follow in rapid succession. We have a beautiful line of coats. They are the styles too that are thoroughly approved and the costs are very reasonable. We urge you to make a selection at an early date, as you know that the best are to be had early.

"MICHAEL'S"

POLITICAL FIGHTS BECOME SERIOUS

Cubans Use Knives and Clubs in Riot at Havana.

Havana, Sept. 28.—Political disturbances have begun to assume some gravity in Cuba. A Conservative meeting at Sancti Spiritus in Santa Clara province was the occasion of a riot at which many were injured, and in Havana a meeting of the new negro party, headed by General Estenos, was broken up by Liberals, who kept up a continuous shouting. Sancti Spiritus is the home of General Jose Miguel Gomez, the former governor of the province and the present candidate of the Miguelists and Zayistas for the presidency. The mayor of the town and the police are members of the Liberal party. General Mario Menocal, a former Liberal but recently nominated by the Conservatives for the presidency, arrived here on a special train, accompanied by a large number of followers. Thousands of men, many of them on horseback, met the Conservative leaders and it was evident from the start that trouble was brewing, as Menocal did not entirely lack supporters among the crowds.

The police approached General Menocal and demanded that he give up a pistol which he was presumed to carry. As he had a license to carry a pistol, which he showed, he refused to be searched and after the procession to the hall had formed, it was made the object of attacks on all sides, in the hope that the meeting would not be held. Within a brief period the fight became general and one of the Conservatives was mortally wounded by a policeman. Many of the members of both sides suffered from wounds from knives and clubs, and it was a long time before order was restored.

THREE OFFICERS INJURED.

Dynamite Cap Left by Burglars in a Store Explodes.

Philadelphia, Sept. 28.—Four police officers were injured, three of them seriously, by the explosion of a dynamite detonating cap left by burglars in their hurried departure from the diamond store of Joseph H. Deschamps at Seventh and Chestnut streets. Reserve Policemen Beaumont and Detectives Williams, Brown, Long and Reilly of the city force, Moffatt of Camden and Sharp and Campbell from the burglar alarm company's office went to the building. While examining the burglar tools Beaumont satisfied his curiosity as to how the igniting battery worked by connecting the positive and negative wires. The cap exploded, blowing out the officer's right eye. Detective Campbell's tongue was split from end to base and his teeth were blown out. Moffatt's nose was lacerated and his face cut, as were the faces of the others.

This is a Republican campaign of reason, not rant; of argument, not agitation. Mr. Taft, the candidate, makes its effective advocate. The more the country sees of his personality the more assured is Republican victory.

CHOLERA IN RUSSIA.

Responsible for More Than Seven Thousand Deaths.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 28.—Since the beginning of the epidemic there have been 15,683 cases of Asiatic cholera reported in Russia and 7,102 deaths. In St. Petersburg alone, since the presence of the disease was officially admitted, Sept. 8, there have been 4,931 cases and 1,875 deaths reported.

The figures with reference to the invasion of the city by the disease cannot be relied upon, for statistics show the number of cases and deaths in a single day to be far in excess of that announced by the authorities. The efforts of Premier Stolypin and some of the higher government officials, however, which recently have been directed towards arousing the municipal authorities to action, have resulted in an appreciable betterment of the sanitary conditions and a consequent decrease in the disease as shown by the latest figures given out. For the past twenty-four hours the number of new cases in the city was 268 and the number of deaths 142, as compared with 312 cases and 153 deaths for the previous twenty-four hours and 357 cases and 162 deaths between Thursday noon and Friday noon.

The people have taken heart because of this improvement, notwithstanding the fact that since the beginning of the epidemic the cases multiplied at an alarming rate, and health officials have been encouraged because of the comparatively low death rate. In 1892, when the cholera carried off thousands in Russia the death rate reached 50 per cent. The death rate in the present epidemic has been between 30 and 35 per cent.

KILLED AN OFFICER.

Private Soldier Then Cut His Own Throat.

Manila, Sept. 28.—A tragedy occurred at Camp Jessamine resulting in the death of Lieutenant Edward J. Bloom of the Fourth Infantry and Private Suttles, Company K of the same regiment. Suttles for some reason shot Bloom and then cut his own throat. Suttles died immediately but Bloom lingered several hours. An investigation of the affair is being made by military officers.

Unique Theatre

Program for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday

ILLUSTRATED SONG

"Are There Thorns in the Roses You Are Wearing" By KATHLEEN GRAHAM

1. Romance of the Old Mill
2. Jewel of a Servant SOLO--By KATHLEEN GRAHAM
3. The Little Detective
4. A Pair of Kids

Show will start prompt at 7:30 P. M. hereafter, instead of 8:00 P. M.

TELEPHONE

234

New Steam Laundry Wm. Nelson, Prop.

Where They Got Off.

The elderly matron with the bundles, who was journeying to a point in Wisconsin and occupied a seat near the middle of the car, had fallen asleep. On the seat in front of her sat a little boy. The brakeman opened the door of the car and called out the name of the station the train was approaching. The elderly woman roused herself with a jerk.

"Where are we now, Bobby?" she asked.

"I don't know, grandma," answered the little boy.

"Didn't the brakeman say something just now?"

"No. He just stuck his head inside the door and sneezed."

"Help me with these things, Bobby?" she exclaimed hurriedly. "This is Oshkosh. It's where we get off."—Exchange.



Keep close tab on your accounts—A checking account with a good bank is an absolute necessity for the up-to-date business man. Pay all your bills by check and avoid possible disputes over old accounts.

Security State Bank

THE DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Month..... Forty Cents
One Year, strictly in advance, Four Dollars

Office in Dispatch Building on 6th St., opposite the Post Office.

Entered at the post-office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.



MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1908

Sept. 28 In History.

B. C.—Decisive battle of Marathon; victory of 10,000 Greeks over more than ten times as many Persian invaders.

1898—Hon. Thomas Francis Bayard, secretary of state and ambassador to Great Britain under Cleveland's administration, died; born 1828.

1904—Lafayette Hearn, American journalist and author, died at Yokohama, Japan; born 1850.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.

Sun sets 7:44, rises 5:50; moon sets 7:34 p. m.; moon's age 4 days; planet Mercury visible after sunset.

PUSH IT ALONG

Under the caption "Republican Papers Please Copy" the Little Falls Transcript publishes the following: To the Republican National Committee: Please discourage Speaker Cannon from making Republican campaign speeches. His claims of conferences and harmony with President Roosevelt are offensive. His insulting treatment of the president's special messengers shows his attitude.

THWING IN LINE FOR WRIGHT

Alfred L. Thwing, who opposed B. F. Wright for the republican nomination for judge of this district, has written the successful candidate a letter from which the following is an extract, and which shows that Mr. Thwing and his friends are not sulking in their tents but are out boosting for the ticket: "Primary election returns from other counties have been very tardy in reaching me, but information now at hand indicates quite positively that you are nominated. Kindly accept my congratulations. I do not hesitate to renew my promise of hearty support in the coming contest, am authorized by my friends in Grand Rapids to express the same sentiment for them, and feel confident that conditions as I have

found them throughout the district point to a substantial majority for you at the general election."

TAFT LABOR'S FRIEND

The simple truth is that no man has done more to place union labor on a sound, square, lawabiding, respected and self-respecting footing than William H. Taft by his decisions on labor cases. Both employers and employed have acknowledged the justice of his rulings and learned to abide by them, and today there is not an intelligent worker or fair-minded employer who would seek to abrogate them. Judge Taft lifted union labor from the doubt and uncertainty as to its rights which had before prevented and gave it a standing which it has ever since retained, and which has proved, under his rulings, secure against all attack. The old assumption, derived from England, that union labor is a conspiracy, and that workers could be prevented from leaving railway or other employment at their will, was swept away forever by Judge Taft, so far as the United States is concerned, and when an attempt was made, years later, to revive the principal, Judge Taft's decision was quoted successfully by the labor side to defeat the plea. Mr. Taft was and is labor's friend, because he is absolutely just, and would no more permit wrong to be done to the poorest laborer in the land than he would to anyone else. And the honest, lawabiding workers asks and expects no more than this.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

Wm. Murray was down from Nisswa on business today.

H. M. Curry, of St. Paul, is in the city today on business.

Awnings! Awnings! D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

J. H. Koop went to Little Falls this afternoon on business.

F. A. Glass came down from Deerwood today on business.

R. M. Funck, of Cass Lake, was in the city Saturday evening.

Does baby need a go cart? We have what you want, D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

W. B. Potter, of Aitkin, was in the city between trains today.

Jay Henry Long went to Minneapolis this morning on business.

J. H. Kreckleberg, of Duluth, was in the city Monday on business.

Banker Buttolph, of Pequot, was in Brainerd today between trains.

Store your stoves and household goods with D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

T. F. Cole and son Sidney were down from Deerwood between trains.

Dr. R. J. Sewell, of Deerwood, was in Brainerd between trains Sunday.

Mrs. W. D. Mock is enjoying a visit from her mother, who resides in Staples.

Will McCarthy, of Northeast Brainerd, has accepted a position in J. W. Koop's grocery.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Parker went to Anoka today to attend the funeral of Mrs. L. H. Bruns.

The best in fruit jars. Schram's Automatic Sealers. D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

Fritz Koop expects to leave tomorrow on a combined business and pleasure trip to Spokane.

Frank Engman went to Ft. Ripley this afternoon in the interests of his candidacy for sheriff.

D. E. Whitney is expected home this evening from an over Sunday visit with his parents at Clearwater.

Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Merwin have returned from a visit to York state and report a very pleasant trip.

Mrs. L. D. Beach, of Northome, came down today to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Durham.

Geo. S. Hage and son, of Madelia, Minn., were in the city on their way home from a visit at Deerwood.

Hon. B. F. Wright, of Park Rapids, republican nominee for judge, is in the city this afternoon on business.

If your aim is in the right direction, you will cultivate the habit of depositing regularly with Security State Bank.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. McClouskey are the happy parents of a twelve pound baby boy which arrived at their home today.

There will be a meeting of the congregation of the First Presbyterian church held tonight to consider making repairs.

Attention sportsmen. We have the best and latest in guns, rifles, and ammunition. Guns to rent. D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

The remains of Mrs. Augusta Moody, of Merrifield, were taken to Roscoe, near Painesville, Minn., this morning for burial.

Now is the time to have your chimneys and furnaces cleaned. Leave orders at Keene and McFadden's office. Thos. H. Britton. 1t

To become independent open an account with the Security State Bank. Every dollar you deposit is a step nearer to independence. 1t

The "Just Out of College" company arrive from the south today and will play here tonight. The papers give the show a good send off.

Murallo—the sanitary wall finish, in all colors. D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

One of the first things a young housekeeper should put on her list of things for the pantry is Hunt's Perfect Extracts and Baking Powder.

Miss Lillie Lawrence returned today from points in Oregon, Washington and British Columbia. She was absent just two months and reports a pleasant time.

Ezra Smith returned today from Minneapolis. He states that they reached that city yesterday afternoon, having been delayed by a punctured tire within sight of the city.

The main point in banking, is, that everything is "O. K." "O. K." is integrity, "O. K." is security, "O. K." is prudence—Security State Bank claims these points. 1t

Charles Edward Gates, the walkist left here yesterday going by train to Motley. He claimed that he was entitled to take the train 80 miles of the distance across the continent and had only used 22 of it.

The best roofing for the money. Amate! D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

Mrs. G. W. Knox, of Aitkin, died at a Minneapolis hospital this morning of Bright's disease. She was formerly a Miss Smith and at one time taught in the Brainerd schools and had a number of friends in this city.

W. B. Guthrie, wife and children, of Kansas City, were in Brainerd last night. They have been spending some weeks at Deerwood, having come up from St. Paul by auto. They were returning the same way.

The funeral of August Hildebrandt, which was held Sunday, was one of the largest in many years, over 40 teams accompanying the remains from the home south of town. There were also many handsome floral offerings.

Jacob Schmidt's bottle beer is delicious. We have the agency. Order a case. Telephone 164 John Coates Liquor Co. 1t

Frank Sykora left this morning for Anoka, where he will spend the day with a class mate, leaving tomorrow for Chicago to complete his medical studies. He will graduate in May next when he expects to return and associate himself with Drs. Camp and Thabes.

Hortense Morris, the six year old daughter of C. W. Morris, died yesterday at his home at the corner of Tenth and Front streets, of peritonitis. The remains were taken to Mission by team this forenoon to lay them beside the remains of her mother, who died last spring.

If you make a deposit in the Security State Bank you will start an account that will enable you to give a good account of yourself today, and tomorrow and indefinitely. 1t

Mrs. Grandelmyer and Mrs. Theviot entertained very charmingly the other evening in honor of Mrs. L. D. Boies. 500 was played, Mrs. Will Spencer winning the head prize, Mrs. C. M. Patek the second and Mrs. J. A. Wilson the foot prize. The ladies were assisted in attending their guests by the Misses Small, Miss Grewcoff and Miss Kitty Reilly. Elegant refreshments were served and a pleasant time enjoyed by all.

Those Men!

"I went into the office looking like a fright," said the woman. "I didn't have a chance to straighten my hat or pat my hair or anything. I had intended to primp going up in the elevator, but there was a man standing before each mirror twirling his mustache, and I couldn't even get a peep at myself." —New York Times.

A Sound Reason.

Robert, aged five, was irritated by the crying of Clara, aged two.

"Sister," he said, with great seriousness, "why don't you stop crying? You must be sick. You don't look well and you don't sound well."

Circumstances are beyond the control of man, but his conduct is in his own power. —Beaumont.

Hon. Adlai Stevenson denies that he was ever a "knight of the golden circle," but was a prominent knight of the silver circle, which was just as bad.

UPLIFT FOR FARMERS

Work Mapped Out For President Roosevelt's Commission.

ELABORATE MAP PREPARED.

Drawing In Chief Forester Pinchot's Office Shows Subjects to Be Studied In Coming Investigation of Farm Life Conditions—To Study Many Subjects.

Literally it may be said that the work of President Roosevelt's farm commission is already mapped out. Gifford Pinchot and Liberty H. Bailey, who is president of the commission, have prepared a large drawing of the subjects which will be taken up, and the map is now displayed upon the wall of the chief forester's inner office. In less than a minute a visitor to the room can discover everything that the commission is bent on discovering about the farm and the farmer.

The map closely resembles a family tree. It is like one of those creations which abound in books of heraldry, full of ramifications, perplexingly complex at first glance, yet after a moment's study wonderfully simple. It illustrates how the work of commissions has been systematized under the Roosevelt administration and particularly under the expert hand of Mr. Pinchot. To begin with, the student of the map learns that the popular term "farm commission" is a misnomer. It should be the commission on "social industry," which, as the name signifies, implies a much broader field of activity. The perspective of this commission really involves the entire social structure, but the farmer's portion is by far the most heavily emphasized and is to receive the main consideration.

The main headings of the map are the rural, urban and suburban. The two latter classifications have to do with those other fields which the commission intends to survey only when they enter the domain of the farmer and have an intimate bearing on his life. When the commissioners have completed a study of all the things which may be included under the term "rural" they will, if time allows, make a cursory study of the thousand subjects that come under the other headings, says a Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune. Upon the theme "rural" the map has much to say. Its travels almost defy description, but the first generalization is mapped out as follows: Land supply, organization, communication, corporation, control, education and labor supply.

Each of these subdivisions has numerous other subdivisions and those subdivisions other subdivisions until the visitor is lost in a labyrinth of systematic classification. From the subdivisions of "land supply" one is able to discover that the commission intends to discover the kind and quantity of the land now being tilled in the country; to obtain information as to the location, quality, price, facilities, laws and tenures; how much is public, how much private, how much is rented and leased, the rates of renting and leasing, the terms of acquisition, the amount of taxes, the wage paid to the farm laborer, the acreage of humid, arid and riparian lands and the amount of arid land which is irrigated and suited to dry farming.

After disposing of the "land supply" the map takes up the question of "organization." On this subject the map shows the vast amount of study which was done to bring in every possible subdivision which might require attention. The first subdivision is the "individual." The commission will inquire into the different types of farmers, their health, their stature, their strength, their habits and their intelligence. After that facts as to their housing, their outbuildings, their diet, the food produced and the food purchased, their water supply, whether well or stream; their clothing and the care they take of their children will be inquired into.

The second outgrowth of "organization" is the community. The commission wants to know about the public institutions, the schools, the civic halls, the hospitals, the cemeteries of the farmers, the extent of co-operation among them for profits or mutual betterment and the efforts made for social betterment. A third subdivision is "homestead," under which falls the household, the garden, the kitchen, the lawns, the orchards, the hothouses and the attempts at ornamentation. Lastly under this head the word "farm" is used, and here there is an intricate network of radiation on the map. One line leads to "indoor domestic economy" and another to "outdoor farm economy." Indoor domestic economy is given three phases—"aesthetic," "industrial" and "general." These classifications include house decoration, needlework, cooking, cleaning, fuel, utensils, cost of living, hygiene, sanitation and accounting. Outdoor farm economy is given six subdivisions—"labor," "soil," "stock," "machines," "crops" and "accounting." As to the soil, the map suggests fertilization and cultivation; as to stock, the investigation is to cover varieties, breeding, care, dairy, poultry, stabling, feeding and the barns. Selection and rotation are the principal classifications subordinate to the crops.

The third general heading, "communication," involves just a few lines of inquiry, such as highways, roadmaking, the transportation used, the railways, the express and mail, the telephone service, the magazines and newspapers read by the farmers.

The fourth general classification, "cor-

THE PURE FOOD CAUSE

IS SUPPORTED AND ADVANCED BY

ROMAN FLOUR

MADE BY

BRAINERD MILLING CO.

M. K. SWARTZ M. K. SWARTZ

Having had an opportunity to get a consignment of high grade statuary in advance of the season at a price to give to the public at exceptional values, I will invite you all to call and see this beautiful line and learn the very low price which is only about half their real values.

This sale will not last long as the prices will surely take them quick. It will surely please you to take a look at this beautiful display at our store window.

M. K. SWARTZ

220 Sixth Street South

poration control," is in many ways the most important on the map, and it is the one which promises the hardest work for the commission. It involves the extent to which the farmer is in the grip of the trusts, and the commission will endeavor to ascertain in what way local and general monopolies govern freight, express, stock and refrigerator car charges and in what degree corporate combinations affect the prices of raw products, the output of creameries and the cost of farm implements. "Education" is not the least of the headings in its ramifications. The commission, if the map is followed, will look into the primary and advanced education on the farm. Under "primary" are found "rudiments," "nature teaching" and "manual training." The commission will discover where the farmer gets the rudiments of his training how much nature teaches him and presumably report on the manual training. The farmer's "advanced education" will be dealt with by inquiring into the number of college bred farmers or whether they attended the normal or agricultural schools. "Short

courses, correspondence, bulletins, home meetings, readings, itinerant readings, lectures, farmers' institute, and social clubs" will also receive consideration.

In considering the last subdivision "labor supply," the commission will deal with "locality," "character," "cost" and "immigration." It will look up the quality and quantity of labor in different localities, the character whether skilled or unskilled; the scale of wages and the cost of living, the percentage of the immigrant and the percentage that goes to the farm, its effectiveness and productiveness. Child labor is also a subject to be studied and the map contains many other suggestions which may be followed, completing the most elaborate undertaking ever attempted by a commission.

The disaffected negro who says he has paid his debt to the Republican party should ask himself what he owes to the Democratic party.

Backache, Kidney Pain

Pains in the small of the back. There's no mistaking this sign of kidney trouble.

Other indications are frequent urination, pain or smarting when passing water, deposits in the urine, headache and loss of flesh.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills overcome kidney derangements more promptly and thoroughly than any treatment you can obtain because of their combined and direct action on liver and kidneys.

This letter to prove our claim.

Mr. B. F. TREGO, Polk, Pa. writes: "During eight years of suffering from kidney disease six doctors treated me with little benefit. On the third day after beginning the use of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills I noticed an improvement and after using three boxes had gained 23 pounds and felt better than I had for nine years. I have told many about my wonderful cure."

One pill a dose, 25 cts. a box, at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills
H. P. DUNN.

The RANSFORD BARBER SHOP

TELEPHONE 156

Hair Cutting

Shampooing

Singeing

Shaving

Massaging

Ransford Basement

WHITE BROS.

We have just unloaded a car of Acorn Stoves and Ranges. If you want to be SHOWN we can demonstrate that we have the best piece of goods in the city.

Our stock of guns and ammunition leads them all. Ask us.

616 Laurel Street.

Brainerd, Minn.

BOY'S SUIT SALE

We have about 100 Boy's Suits, two and three piece—3 to 8 years—regular price \$1.50 to \$3.00. These we will close out this week

at only 98c

B. Kaatz & Son.

MOULDED puddings of any kind—blanc manges, jellies, custards, etc., will "stand up" more firmly and be more deliciously good and wholesome if a little

KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO CORN STARCH

is added. Two of America's most famous cooks will tell you in our book—

"Original Recipes and Cooking Hints"

the unusual benefits to be derived from Kingsford's Oswego Corn Starch in the betterment of foods in general. For quality, always get Kingsford's—sixty-six years of superiority.

Grocers—pound pkgs.—10c.

T. KINGSFORD & SON, OSWEGO, N. Y.
NATIONAL STARCH COMPANY, SUCCESSORS



Scene from George Ade's successful comedy "Just Out of College" at Opera House Tonight



THREE MEN KILLED.

Freight Train Goes Through a Burning Bridge.

Hamilton, Ont., Sept. 28.—Three men were killed in the wreck of a freight train on the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo railroad at Mineral Springs. The dead are:

Engineer McFadden, Fireman Brown and W. Maloney, a companion of Fireman Brown.

The freight train was crossing a bridge when it was seen that the wooden supports of the structure were burning. The engine was almost across when the structure gave way, carrying half a dozen freight cars into the dry bed of the stream below.

How Sea Lions Capture Gulls.

The sea lion displays no little skill and cunning in capturing gulls. When in pursuit the sea lion dives deeply under water and swims some distance from where it disappeared; then, rising cautiously, it exposes the tip of its nose along the surface, at the same time giving it a rotary motion. The unwary bird, near by alights to catch the object, while the sea lion at the same moment settles beneath the waves and at one bound, with extended jaws, seizes its screaming prey and instantly devours it.

TAFT AND BRYAN IN MINNEAPOLIS

Rival Presidential Candidates Exchange Courtesies.

COULD NOT ARRANGE MEETING

Though Each Expressed a Desire to See the Other, Their Engagements Conflicted and They Did Not Meet. Judge Taft Delivered an Address Before a Large Crowd at the Dedication of the Y. M. C. A. Building in St. Paul.

Minneapolis, Sept. 28.—Judge Taft and William Jennings Bryan exchanged courtesies here. When Mr. Bryan arrived here he immediately sent one of the men traveling with him to the West hotel with a message to Judge Taft that he would be glad to call on him at the hotel. Mr. Taft sent word back to the Democratic leader that he would be glad to see him. Mr. Taft was scheduled to speak at the dedication of a new Y. M. C. A. building in St. Paul before his date with Mr. Bryan and he hurried back in an automobile to keep his engagement with Mr. Bryan. When he arrived at the hotel he found a message from Mr. Bryan who was very sorry that he had forgotten that he had a dinner engagement at the hour he had selected to meet Mr. Taft. Mr. Bryan suggested that if it was convenient for Mr. Taft he would drop in at the hotel on his way to the railroad station and shake hands with him. Mr. Taft, however, had an engagement to speak before the congregation of the Fowler Methodist church here in the evening, and he sent Colonel Daniel Ransdell, sergeant-at-arms of the United States senate, who has personal charge of the Taft train, to explain the situation to Mr. Bryan and to convey his regrets. This Colonel Ransdell did. Mr. Bryan expressed his regret at missing an opportunity to greet Mr. Taft and after inquiring about the condition of Mr. Taft's voice, said that he hoped that he would speedily recover.

Bryan the Guest of Lind.

Mr. Bryan while he was in the city stopped at the home of John Lind, former governor of Minnesota. Mr. Bryan's arrival in the city was signaled by vociferous cheers from a good crowd which had assembled at the depot. At St. Paul he was met by F. B. Lynch, national committee man, and escorted here. Because of the fact that Governor Johnson had a speaking engagement in St. Paul he was unable to meet the Democratic candidate. En route from Milwaukee to this place Mr. Bryan was greeted by several large crowds who cheered him and demanded that he make a speech. Mr. Bryan, however, informed his hearers that Sunday was his only day of rest and that it was his invariable rule not to make political talks on that day. In the frantic struggle of the crowd at the depot here to get to him and shake his hand a man had his arm badly broken. Mr. Bryan left here over the Omaha branch of the Chicago and Northwestern for Mitchell, S. D.

Mr. Taft's Y. M. C. A. speech in St. Paul was before a large crowd. Secretary Grace of the St. Paul Y. M. C. A. said in introducing him that of the many distinguished men in public life who have from time to time approved the work of the Y. M. C. A. he knew of none whose endorsement had done more for the cause than had Judge Taft's.

Mr. Taft's speech was an appreciation of the good work that the Y. M. C. A. is doing all over the world and the influence that it has in the making of good citizens and the uplifting of humanity.

"To find how effective the work of the Y. M. C. A. is," said Mr. Taft, "it was necessary for me to go 10,000 miles away from home, to the Philippine islands and the Panama canal." Mr. Taft praised the Y. M. C. A. for its splendid work in the Isthmian canal zone and said, with due deference to the ministers, that the Y. M. C. A. boys had accomplished the most good in helping maintain the morals of the workmen and in establishing Christian influence in the canal strip. One of the first advantages which the Y. M. C. A. presents, in Judge Taft's opinion, is the opportunity for wealthy men to aid their less fortunate fellow men by contributions.

WIPED OUT BY FIRE.

Two Villages in Michigan Are Destroyed.

Thompsonville, Mich., Sept. 28.—Forest fires destroyed the village of Homestead, eight miles north of this place, containing the charcoal kilns and the lumber yards of Alexander Zimmerman & Co. of this place. The loss will exceed \$60,000 and twenty families were rendered homeless. The women and children of these families were taken to Copemish.

Firemen have been sent from here to assist the people of Homestead.

Back a small station on the Michigan Central north of Vassar, Mich., was wiped out by fire. The railway station, sawmills and lumber yards burned first; and then the fire spread to the residences in the villages. At last reports the fire was still raging.

SUPPLY IS VERY LOW.

Lack of Disinfectants Causes Serious Situation in Manila.

Manila, Sept. 28.—There were four new cases and three deaths reported for the past twenty-four hours. Practically the entire staffs of the bureau of sciences and the local medical schools have been drafted into the service to fight the cholera. The two senior classes of the medical school are acting as nurses and attendants at the various hospitals established for the treatment of cholera patients. A serious situation is caused by the supply of disinfectants running very low. The bureau of sciences is experimenting with electricity and sea water to produce chlorine for use until the new supplies of disinfectants arrive. Enormous quantities of disinfectants have been used in the vigorous efforts to cleanse the entire city.

NOTED FEUDIST KILLED.

Thomas Cockrill Run Over by a Train.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 28.—The body of a man who was run over by a train and instantly killed in the Kentucky and Indiana railroad yards has been identified as that of Thomas Cockrill, the noted Breathitt county (Ky.) feudist. Cockrill's presence in the yards has not been explained, but it is presumed he was either on his way to or returning from a visit to his old home.

He was a brother of Jim Cockrill, who was at one time marshal of Jackson and was assassinated. Tom Cockrill was also involved in several feud battles and had killed at least one member of the Hargis faction.

LOCOMOTIVE EXPLODES.

Engineer Killed and Two Other Men Seriously Injured.

Milwaukee, Sept. 28.—Engineer Fred J. Good was killed and Chris J. Hanson, fireman, and B. N. Taylor, brakeman, were seriously injured by the explosion of a locomotive attached to a northbound freight train on the St. Paul railroad in the Portage, Wis., yards. The three men resided in Milwaukee.

The cause of the explosion is not known. Engineer Good was hurled fifty feet and died shortly after being picked up. Hanson and Taylor were badly scalded.

The Heaviest Rainfall.

The heaviest rainfall known upon the earth occurs upon the mountain slopes beyond the head of the Bay of Bengal and amounts on the average to 610 inches, or nearly fifty-one feet, a year. One inch of rain implies a fall of 101 tons of water upon each acre of ground. This will convey a fair idea of the amount of water that falls annually in the region indicated.

Rains Quench Forest Fires.

Milwaukee, Sept. 28.—Dispatches to the Sentinel report forest fires, which have been raging in Northern Michigan and Wisconsin for some time have been quenched by heavy rains and that all danger for the present is removed.

BASEBALL SCORES.

American League.

At Chicago, 3; Boston, 0.

At Detroit, 5; Philadelphia, 2.

National League.

At Cincinnati, 4; St. Louis, 7. Second game—Cincinnati, 6; St. Louis, 1—five innings; called at dark.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 26.—Wheat—Sept., \$1.02½; Dec., \$1.03; May, \$1.07½. On track—No. 1 hard, \$1.05½ @ 1.05½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.04½ @ 1.04½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.03½ @ 1.03½; No. 3 Northern, 99½c @ \$1.01½.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 26.—Wheat—On track—No. 1 hard, \$1.04½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.04½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.01½; Sept., \$1.03½; Dec., \$1.02½; May, \$1.06½; Oct., \$1.04. Flax—To arrive, on track and Sept., \$1.23½; Oct., \$1.23½; Nov., \$1.23½; Dec., \$1.21½; May, \$1.26½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 26.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, \$6.00 @ 6.75; fair to good \$5.00 @ 5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, \$4.00 @ 5.00; calves, \$3.75 @ 6.00. Hogs—\$6.50 @ 6.75. Sheep—Wethers, \$3.50 @ 3.75; yearlings, \$4.00 @ 4.25; lambs, \$3.50 @ 4.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—Wheat—Sept., \$1.00½; Dec., \$1.01½; May, \$1.04½. Corn—Sept., 79½c; Oct., 76c; Dec., 66½c; May, 65½c. Oats—Sept., 46½c @ 47½c; Dec., 49½c @ 49½c. May, 51½c. Pork—Sept., \$15.25; Oct., \$15.25; Jan., \$16.90; May, \$16.85. Butter—Creameries, 19 @ 24c; dairies, 17 @ 20c. Eggs—17 @ 20c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14 @ 15c; chickens, 10½ @ 11c; springs, 11½ @ 12c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—Cattle—Beeves, \$3.70 @ 7.65; Texans, \$3.60 @ 5.10; West erners, \$3.40 @ 6.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.60 @ 4.55; cows and heifers, \$1.75 @ 5.60; calves, \$6.00 @ 8.25. Hogs—Light, \$6.50 @ 7.20; mixed, \$6.55 @ 7.35; heavy, \$6.50 @ 7.40; rough, \$6.50 @ 6.75; good to choice heavy, \$6.75 @ 7.40; pigs, \$4.50 @ 6.20. Sheep, \$2.85 @ 4.20; yearlings, \$4.25 @ 4.75; lambs, \$3.25 @ 5.70.

BENEFITS IN DYSPEPSIA

Typhoid, if You Pull Through Gives You a New Stomach.

GOOD EVEN IN RHEUMATISM.

That Painful Affliction Keeps Other Miseries Out of the System and Is a Promoter of Long Life—Blessings of Colds and Smallpox.

To be struck down by disease seems a most undesirable thing, yet there are many living today in the fullest enjoyment of very excellent health who but for an attack of some disease would have lived a life of almost perpetual misery.

These people were, first of all, victims of indigestion in its worst form, and only those who have experienced it know what true indigestion is. Struck down by typhoid fever, they came through the trying ordeal cured of indigestion, for one outstanding eccentricity of typhoid is that if you pass through an attack safely it gives you a new stomach. In fact, after an attack of typhoid the victim is usually left with a stomach like an infant.

That is the grand chance offered to one who has suffered, it may be, for long years from acute indigestion. If only he takes care, after an attack of typhoid he need never know indigestion again.

Be it remembered that any one troubled with severe indigestion is not advised to go hunting around for typhoid fever. That might prove to be a disastrous course to follow.

A chronic cold is just one of those things which none of us want, yet even a chronic cold has its good points, more especially if you happen to be up in years a bit—not too old, of course. People who are up in years and who suffer from chronic bronchitis seem to get remarkably well. It keeps the blood in good circulation, for, of course, the victims have to cough, and that gives the heart a jerk and sends the blood coursing nicely through the veins and arteries.

If the cold be not too acute, old people derive considerable benefit. An acute attack, on the other hand, may cut off an old person in a day or two. It is the chronic type only which yields benefit.

Smallpox is a dreaded scourge, so much so that if it be reported that a case exists in a neighborhood a thrill passes through the whole community.

Yet those who suffer from smallpox and recover usually live to a green old age. It seems to renew life in some mysterious way by thoroughly purifying the blood.

If, however, you desire to attain to a ripe old age, you cannot get on at all without rheumatism. Consider the hosts of old folks you encounter hobbling about, grumbling all the day about their bones and joints. In all probability these old people would have been in their graves years before but for this very rheumatism.

The reason is that if rheumatism is in the system it keeps other ills out. It makes a grand fighting force and keeps most other enemies of the human frame at bay, especially those of the germ type.

Very naturally if you have such a grand friend at hand you have to pay something for aid rendered, but the pain of rheumatism, if shockingly severe at times, is not deadly, and that is why one gets so little sympathy when suffering from rheumatism.

But the plain fact is that a slight malady always benefits you, even if indirectly. As an example of that, say a very bad spell of weather comes along, cold and wet, and you contract a slight chill.

What do you propose to do? Why, to take the greatest care of yourself and make as certain as possible that your cold gets no chance of developing into anything worse. Now, did that very slight cold not make its appearance and cause you to be extremely careful of what you did there is no saying what might happen to you any day during a spell of evil, cold weather. You might have exposed yourself so much that a severe chill would have seized you, followed by inflammation of the lungs.

Accordingly a slight cold may easily save you from many worse ills.

In this way minor afflictions act as warnings that worse things are coming along, but unfortunately many persons quite neglect these warnings. A man, for example, has indigestion more or less constantly, yet pays little heed, always expecting that it will disappear one day. Now, if he had just paid attention to the matter at the beginning—heed the warning, in short—he might not have been let in for a severe liver attack later on.

Every pain, every ache, every headache—all these are warnings that something else is on the way and will be along shortly.—Pearson's Weekly.

An Idea of Business.

"Does your titled son-in-law know anything about business?"

"Well," answered Mr. Cumrox doubtfully, "he has had a lot of experience with promissory notes, and he knows how to get a check raised."—Washington Star.

The Lightweight Champion.

Simpkins—You say that little man was formerly the lightweight champion? Timkins—Yes, Simpkins—How did he lose the title? Timkins—Oh, he didn't lose it. He merely sold his grocery and retired.—Chicago News.

To feign a virtue is to have its opposite vice.—Hawthorne

BRainerd OPERA HOUSE

Curtain 8:15

Friday, Oct. 2

The one attraction that the management guarantees. Sheeley & Huntington presents

The National Opera Co.

In "Erminie" or "The Two Thieves"

Positively the same cast that appears in the larger cities, including the following principals: Mlle. Palme, Jessie Mayhew, Chas. E. Huntington, Chas. J. Neilson, Adah Heyman, Shelah Sheeley, Chas. Vaughan and Wm. Ormsby and the best

Singing chorus in America

Reserve your seats well in advance

25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00

PAINTERS and PAPER HANGERS

See us for latest wall paper. Estimates furnished

Curtis & Lieb

Telephones, 299J4 and 246J5

G. D. LaBAR, President
G. W. HOLLAND, Vice President
F. A. FARRAR, Cashier
Geo. H. BROWN, Ass't. Cashier



Interest paid on Time and Savings Deposits.

Your Banking Business Solicited

Fish and Frost.

Some varieties of fish can stand any amount of cold without harm. Perch will live in ponds which are frozen practically solid in every hard winter. The whitefish of Canada, caught through holes in the ice, have been picked up frozen so stiff that they would break like brittle sticks, yet when carefully thawed out showed signs of life.

Now is the Time to buy

Some of our Real Estate Snaps. Vacant lots in all parts of the city at a price. Houses for sale on easy payment plan. Houses for rent.

LYMAN P. WHITE

Representative of A. A. White Townsite Co. 419 W. Front Street

Awnings, Tents, Stack Covers, Flags, Etc. Write for prices and catalogue. American Tent & Awning Co. 207-209-211 Wash. Ave. N., Minneapolis

WANTS

Notices under this head will be charged for at the rate of one cent a word for the first insertion and one-half a cent a word for subsequent insertions—strictly cash in advance unless advertiser has ledger account with the office, but no ad will be taken for less than ten cents.

WANTED—Girl at the Palace hotel. 85tf

WANTED—Dining room girl at the Hotel Earl. 96-6

WANTED—A man over 21 years old for ward work at the N. P. Sanitarium. 82tf

GIRL WANTED—For general housework. Mrs. P. O'Conner, 224 North 9th street. 9783p

FOR SALE—The house and two lots No. 515 Holly St., facing the park. Ask the occupant, Mrs. Annie M. Bennett. 94tf

TAKEN UP—White and lemon English setter. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for advertisement. Clyde Parker. 974

Broken Glasses Accurately Replaced. Mail the pieces!

MOREAU OPTICIAN RELIEVES EYESTRAIN AND HEADACHES
Caused by Eyestrain
USE HIS GLASSES

T. V. MOREAU MANUFACTURING OPTICIAN
616 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis

BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

Volume 8, No. 98

BRAINERD, MINN., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1908

Price Two Cents

REPLIES TO MR. BRYAN'S SPEECH

President Roosevelt Combats Charges of Nebraskan.

DEFENDS HIS ADMINISTRATION

Nation's Chief Executive Sets Forth In Detail What Has Been Done Under His Direction Toward Curbing the Tendency of Capital to Centralize With a View of Destroying Competition—Compares Deeds With Promises.

Washington, Sept. 28.—President Roosevelt has made reply to William J. Bryan's recent speech in which he maintained that the Democratic party and platform were not getting a square deal in the campaign. The president's reply deals particularly with Mr. Bryan's assertion that the administration has been neither sincere nor effective in the prosecution of trusts. Mr. Roosevelt combats this charge with characteristic emphasis, and sets forth in detail what has been done under his direction toward curbing the tendency of capital to centralize with a view of destroying competition.

President Roosevelt's letter, in part, follows:

"I have seen your letter published in Sunday morning's papers. As to most of what you say about me personally I do not regard any answer as necessary. When you say that I am unfair to your platform you reiterate certain opinions as to which I had quoted, with my hearty approval, Governor Hughes in my first letter; and these, therefore, it is also unnecessary to answer. You have not answered the Hughes' speech; and in my judgment you do well not to make the attempt. You say that your platform declares in favor of vigorous enforcement of the law against guilty trust magnates and officials and that the platform upon which Mr. Taft stands makes no such declaration. It was not necessary. That platform approves the policies of this administration and promises to continue them; and here, as usual, I have only to compare your words with the deeds of the administration or of Mr. Taft. You merely promise in your platform that you intend to do just what this administration has actually done and is doing.

Deeds and Words Compared.

"To show the difference between deeds and words I will compare the record of this administration with the record of one of your most prominent supporters at the moment, Mr. Olney, attorney general under the last Democratic administration. While Mr. Olney was attorney general no cases whatever were brought under the anti-trust law against combinations of capital, the only new cases which he brought being directed against combinations of workmen. During that entire administration the only cases brought against combinations of capital under the anti-trust act were four in number, two of which were unsuccessful; one of the other two being the case which was decided by Judge Taft in favor of the government.

"Under this administration a mass of such cases have been brought, including the case against the Northern Securities company; against the beef packers; against the Federal Salt company; against the General Paper company; against the Otis and other elevator companies; against the American Tobacco company; against the powder trust; against the Virginia Carolina Chemical company; against the Standard Oil company, and others.

"In a number of these cases the government has already succeeded by injunctions and otherwise. Some of the cases are now pending. In hardly any important case against great law-breaking corporations has the government yet suffered final defeat.

Suppression of Railway Abuses.

"As regards suits to suppress railway abuses; under the last Democratic administration there were no indictments against shippers for receiving rebates or secret rates. Under my administration there have been forty-nine indictments for secret rebates, resulting in eighteen convictions; and in only four cases have these indictments failed. The other twenty-seven cases are still pending. Among the railroads which have been convicted are the Chicago and Alton; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy; the New York Central; the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific; and the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul; while scores of cases are still pending against other leading railroads.

"Among the shippers that have been convicted are some of the greatest corporations in the United States, as for instance, the American Sugar

company, the aggregate fine actually paid being more than \$150,000; Swift & Co.; Armour Packing company; the Cudahy Packing company; Nelson, Morris & Co., each of whom was fined \$15,000, and the cases have now been carried to the supreme court. The Standard Oil case is still pending. This is a record of actual achievement and beside it mere promises are empty. Indeed, and they would not be made now with any possibility of performance resulting, if it were not for the achievements above recited.

"You state that the steel company with my express consent purchased one of the largest rivals and thus obtained control of over 50 per cent of the total output. This action of the steel company (which increased its share of the total output by only about 4 per cent, and in no way altered the standing of the company under the law) may have been a violation of your plan, the absurdity of which has been exposed by Governor Hughes. But there was no violation of the law. I was cognizant of the entire transaction. It was not entered into by the steel corporation of its own desire, but solely at the urgent requests of the corporation purchased and of the big banks holding that corporation's securities, in order to enable them to prevent a crash which would have turned the panic of last fall into the most widespread disaster. I should indeed have been derelict in my duty if I had not so acted and efficiently used all the power of the government where it could be legally and properly used (as it was in this case) to see that the panic was kept within the smallest possible radius and the damage caused as slight as possible.

Distinctions Based on Conduct.

"You would better understand the principle on which I acted if you would rid yourself of the idea that I am trying to discriminate for or against any man or corporation because he or it is either wealthy or not wealthy. I regard such discrimination in either direction as utterly incompatible with a spirit of honesty and fair dealing. I base my distinctions on conduct, not on relative wealth. When the same men who were leaders in the steel corporation acted in connection with the Northern Securities suit in a manner which I regard as contrary to the law, by my direction successful suit was immediately undertaken against them. If they violate the law in connection with any act of the steel corporation, I will immediately proceed against them. Until they do violate the law they will be treated precisely as any other corporation, great or small which obeys the law, is treated."

The president also scores Mr. Bryan for "insincerity" in making statements calculated to create an impression that because men having connections with large corporations contributed to the Republican national campaign fund four years ago and to the Republican campaign fund in New York state two years ago, Mr. Roosevelt and Governor Hughes necessarily must be believed to have guided their official conduct with particular consideration for these contributions. He mentions his own administration's record, and particularly the case of Harriman, and Governor Hughes' unvarying policy of impartiality as sufficient to show the unfounded nature of any such insinuation.

President Roosevelt again delves into the career of Governor Haskell, the deposed treasurer of the Democratic national committee, and also draws some striking conclusions, far from complimentary to the Democratic presidential candidate, from a comprehensive review and consideration of the Nebraska man's candidacies and the source of the funds that went to finance them.

Forest Fires in Ohio.

Cleveland, Sept. 28.—Forest fires are raging beyond the city limits in many directions. West of the city hundreds of acres of wood and meadow are afire and traveling rapidly toward Rocky River, a small village seven miles from Cleveland. Scores of residents are fighting apparently in vain, to check the progress of the flames.

NOW BEYOND CONTROL.

Forest Fires Raging in the Adirondack Mountains.

Utica, N. Y., Sept. 28.—The forest fires in the Adirondacks, fanned by a strong wind, are now beyond control of the hundreds of men who are fighting them. According to reports received here large areas are swept by the flames and several small villages and camps are burning.

Long Lake West, a village of 100 inhabitants, has been burned. The preserve of Dr. Webb at Nebasane was threatened. Several camps and hamlets are seriously threatened. The fires are raging, not alone along the ground brush, but high up in the trees

TWENTY MEET DEATH AT SEA

British Vessel Is Wrecked Off Foster Island.

FOUR OF THE CREW SAVED

While All the Others on Board the Ill-Fated Craft Perished—Ship Driven on the Reef During a Gale and It Was Impossible to Attempt a Rescue From the Shore on Account of the High Seas.

Launceston, Tasmania, Sept. 28.—The British ship Loch Finlas, from Port Pirie, South Australia, for Calcutta, was wrecked off Foster Island and twenty of the crew of twenty-four were drowned. The other four men were picked up by a passing steamer.

Foster Island lies a short distance off the northeast coast of Tasmania and it is surrounded by dangerous shoals. Early in the day the residents of the island observed a large ship in distress. A gale, accompanied by a high sea, was blowing and the vessel soon struck the reef. The crew could be seen trying to lower the boats, when suddenly the ship sank. To attempt a rescue from the shore was impossible on account of the heavy seas, but a steamer in the distance had sighted the wreck and made all speed to where the ship had gone down. Only four men were found. They were clinging to an upturned boat. They report that the second mate became insane during the height of the storm and jumped overboard.

The Loch Finlas was of 2,062 tons burden and was commanded by Captain Dean.

ANTICIPATE SERIOUS EPIDEMIC OF DISEASE

Authorities Fear It Will Follow Excessive Dry Spell.

Pittsburg, Sept. 28.—With losses aggregating several million dollars from forest fires and heavy damage to crops and live stock; the reported loss of a number of lives due to fighting timber conflagrations, the enforced idleness of thousands of workmen owing to the suspension of manufacturing establishments because of lack of water; the health authorities anticipating a serious epidemic of contagious disease and many small streams dried up and obliterated, the drought of 1908, which has held Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia in its grasp for more than two months, remains unbroken; each day gradually increasing the seriousness of the unprecedented situation.

Three times during the excessive dry spell there have been slight rains, accompanied by much thunder and lightning, but the rainfall was so slight that many persons were unaware of the fact and were only convinced that it had rained when shown evidences of the same on tin roofs.

Aside from the millions of feet of timber destroyed and the daily loss to manufacturers and farmers, probably the most serious phase of the situation is the threatened disease epidemic. A majority of the population of Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia are even now suffering from throat affections caused by the great accumulation of dust and the heavy clouds of smoke. In this city, used to smoke, the sun is almost obscured by the smoke from the forest fires miles away and persons in the vicinity of these fires are experiencing great difficulty in breathing. It is feared that when rain does come it will wash great amounts of filth into the already stagnant streams, with the result that disease, especially typhoid fever, will become epidemic. The health authorities have sounded warnings to the public to boil all water used for internal purposes and say by doing this only can many deaths and much sickness be prevented.

FIVE MEN KILLED.

Big Charge of Dynamite Explodes Prematurely.

Scranton, Pa., Sept. 28.—Three Americans and two Italians were blown to pieces by an explosion of dynamite while working at Cross Keys cut along the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad near Tobyhanna. The five men were tamping a hole containing eighteen inches of dynamite when it prematurely exploded.



Now You'll want Coats
And we have correct kinds

These cold days are but forerunners of what will follow in rapid succession. We have a beautiful line of coats. They are the styles too that are thoroly approved and the costs are very reasonable. We urge you to make a selection at an early date, as you know that the best are to be had early.

"MICHAEL'S"

POLITICAL FIGHTS BECOME SERIOUS

Cubans Use Knives and Clubs in Riot at Havana.

Havana, Sept. 28.—Political disturbances have begun to assume some gravity in Cuba. A Conservative meeting at Sancti Spiritus in Santa Clara province was the occasion of a riot at which many were injured, and in Havana a meeting of the new negro party, headed by General Estenos, was broken up by Liberals, who kept up a continuous shouting.

Sancti Spiritus is the home of General Jose Miguel Gomez, the former governor of the province and the present candidate of the Miguelists and Zayistas for the presidency. The mayor of the town and the police are members of the Liberal party. General Mario Menocal, a former Liberal but recently nominated by the Conservatives for the presidency, arrived here on a special train, accompanied by a large number of followers. Thousands of men, many of them on horseback, met the Conservative leaders and it was evident from the start that trouble was brewing, as Menocal did not entirely lack supporters among the crowds.

The police approached General Menocal and demanded that he give up a pistol which he was presumed to carry. As he had a license to carry a pistol, which he showed, he refused to be searched and after the procession to the hall had formed, it was made the object of attacks on all sides, in the hope that the meeting would not be held. Within a brief period the fight became general and one of the Conservatives was mortally wounded by a policeman. Many of the members of both sides suffered from wounds from knives and clubs, and it was a long time before order was restored.

THREE OFFICERS INJURED.

Dynamite Cap Left by Burglars in a Store Explodes.

Philadelphia, Sept. 28.—Four police officers were injured, three of them seriously, by the explosion of a dynamite detonating cap left by burglars in their hurried departure from the diamond store of Joseph H. Deschamps at Seventh and Chestnut streets. Reserve Policemen Beaumont and Detectives Williams, Brown, Long and Reilly of the city force, Moffatt of Camden and Sharp and Campbell from the burglar alarm company's office went to the building. While examining the burglar tools Beaumont satisfied his curiosity as to how the igniting battery worked by connecting the positive and negative wires. The cap exploded, blowing out the officer's right eye. Detective Campbell's tongue was split from end to base and his teeth were blown out. Moffatt's nose was lacerated and his face cut, as were the faces of the others.

This is a Republican campaign of reason, not rant; of argument, not agitation. Mr. Taft, the candidate, makes its effective advocate. The more the country sees of his personality the more assured is Republican victory.

CHOLERA IN RUSSIA.

Responsible for More Than Seven Thousand Deaths.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 28.—Since the beginning of the epidemic there have been 15,683 cases of Asiatic cholera reported in Russia and 7,102 deaths. In St. Petersburg alone, since the presence of the disease was officially admitted, Sept. 8, there have been 4,931 cases and 1,875 deaths reported. The figures with reference to the invasion of the city by the disease cannot be relied upon, for statistics show the number of cases and deaths in a single day to be far in excess of that announced by the authorities. The efforts of Premier Stolypin and some of the higher government officials, however, which recently have been directed towards arousing the municipal authorities to action, have resulted in an appreciable betterment of the sanitary conditions and a consequent decrease in the disease as shown by the latest figures given out. For the past twenty-four hours the number of new cases in the city was 268 and the number of deaths 142, as compared with 312 cases and 153 deaths for the previous twenty-four hours and 357 cases and 162 deaths between Thursday noon and Friday noon.

The people have taken heart because of this improvement, notwithstanding the fact that since the beginning of the epidemic the cases multiplied at an alarming rate, and health officials have been encouraged because of the comparatively low death rate. In 1892, when the cholera carried off thousands in Russia, the death rate reached 50 per cent. The death rate in the present epidemic has been between 30 and 35 per cent.

KILLED AN OFFICER.

Private Soldier Then Cut His Own Throat.

Manila, Sept. 28.—A tragedy occurred at Camp Jessamine resulting in the death of Lieutenant Edward J. Bloom of the Fourth Infantry and Private Suttles, Company K of the same regiment. Suttles for some reason shot Bloom and then cut his own throat. Suttles died immediately but Bloom lingered several hours. An investigation of the affair is being made by military officers.

Unique Theatre

Program for Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday

ILLUSTRATED SONG

"Are There Thorns in the Roses You Are Wearing"
By KATHLEEN GRAHAM

1. Romance of the Old Mill
2. Jewel of a Servant
3. The Little Detective
4. A Pair of Kids

Show will start prompt at 7:30 P. M. hereafter, instead of 8:00 P. M.

TELEPHONE

234

New Steam Laundry
Wm. Nelson, Prop.



Keep close tab on your accounts—A checking account with a good bank is an absolute necessity for the up-to-date business man. Pay all your bills by check and avoid possible disputes over old accounts.

Security State Bank

THE DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Month..... Forty Cents
One Year, strictly in advance, Four Dollars

Office in Dispatch Building on 6th St., opposite the Post Office.

Entered at the post-office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.



MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1908

Sept. 28 In History.

B. C.—Decisive battle of Marathon; victory of 10,000 Greeks over more than ten times as many Persian invaders.

1898—Hon. Thomas Francis Bayard, secretary of state and ambassador to Great Britain under Cleveland's administration, died; born 1828.

1904—Lafayette Hearn, American journalist and author, died at Yokohama, Japan; born 1850.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS.

Sun sets 7:44, rises 5:50; moon sets 7:34 p. m.; moon's age 4 days; planet Mercury visible after sunset.

PUSH IT ALONG

Under the caption "Republican Papers Please Copy" the Little Falls Transcript publishes the following: To the Republican National Committee: Please discourage Speaker Cannon from making Republican campaign speeches. His claims of conferences and harmony with President Roosevelt are offensive. His insulting treatment of the president's special messages shows his attitude.

THWING IN LINE FOR WRIGHT

Alfred L. Thwing, who opposed B. F. Wright for the republican nomination for judge of this district, has written the successful candidate a letter from which the following is an extract, and which shows that Mr. Thwing and his friends are not sulking in their tents but are out boosting for the ticket: "Primary election returns from other counties have been very tardy in reaching me, but information now at hand indicates quite positively that you are nominated. Kindly accept my congratulations. I do not hesitate to renew my promise of hearty support in the coming contest, am authorized by my friends in Grand Rapids to express the same sentiment for them, and feel confident that conditions as I have

found them throughout the district point to a substantial majority for you at the general election."

TAFT LABOR'S FRIEND

The simple truth is that no man has done more to place union labor on a sound, square, lawabiding, respected and self-respecting footing than William H. Taft by his decisions on labor cases. Both employers and employed have acknowledged the justice of his rulings and learned to abide by them, and today there is not an intelligent worker or fair-minded employer who would seek to abrogate them. Judge Taft lifted union labor from the doubt and uncertainty as to its rights which had before prevented and gave it a standing which it has ever since retained, and which has proved, under his rulings, secure against all attack. The old assumption, derived from England, that union labor is a conspiracy, and that workers could be prevented from leaving railway or other employment at their will, was swept away forever by Judge Taft, so far as the United States is concerned, and when an attempt was made, years later, to revive the principal, Judge Taft's decision was quoted successfully by the labor side to defeat the plea. Mr. Taft was and is labor's friend, because he is absolutely just, and would no more permit wrong to be done to the poorest laborer in the land than he would to anyone else. And the honest, lawabiding workers asks and expects no more than this.

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

Wm. Murray was down from Nisswa on business today.

H. M. Curry, of St. Paul, is in the city today on business.

Awnings! Awnings! D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

J. H. Koop went to Little Falls this afternoon on business.

F. A. Glass came down from Deerwood today on business.

R. M. Funck, of Cass Lake, was in the city Saturday evening.

Does baby need a go cart? We have what you want, D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

W. B. Potter, of Aitkin, was in the city between trains today.

Jay Henry Long went to Minneapolis this morning on business.

J. H. Krekleberg, of Duluth, was in the city Monday on business.

Banker Buttolph, of Pequot, was in Brainerd today between trains.

Store your stoves and household goods with D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

T. F. Cole and son Sidney were down from Deerwood between trains.

Dr. R. J. Sewell, of Deerwood, was in Brainerd between trains Sunday.

Mrs. W. D. Mock is enjoying a visit from her mother, who resides in Staples.

Will McCarthy, of Northeast Brainerd, has accepted a position in J. W. Koop's grocery.

Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Parker went to Anoka today to attend the funeral of Mrs. L. H. Bruns.

The best in fruit jars. Schram's Automatic Sealers. D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

Fritz Koop expects to leave tomorrow on a combined business and pleasure trip to Spokane.

Frank Engman went to Ft. Ripley this afternoon in the interests of his candidacy for sheriff.

D. E. Whitney is expected home this evening from an over Sunday visit with his parents at Clearwater.

Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Merwin have returned from a visit to York state and report a very pleasant trip.

Mrs. L. D. Beach, of Northome, came down today to visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Durham.

Geo. S. Hage and son, of Madelia, Minn., were in the city on their way home from a visit at Deerwood.

Hon. B. F. Wright, of Park Rapids, republican nominee for judge, is in the city this afternoon on business.

If your aim is in the right direction, you will cultivate the habit of depositing regularly with Security State Bank.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. McClouskey are the happy parents of a twelve pound baby boy which arrived at their home today.

There will be a meeting of the congregation of the First Presbyterian church held tonight to consider making repairs.

Attention sportsmen. We have the best and latest in guns, rifles, and ammunition. Guns to rent. D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

The remains of Mrs. Augusta Moody, of Merrifield, were taken to Roscoe, near Painesville, Minn., this morning for burial.

Now is the time to have your chimneys and furnaces cleaned. Leave orders at Keene and McFadden's office. Thos. H. Britton. 1t

To become independent open an account with the Security State Bank. Every dollar you deposit is a step nearer to independence. tf

The "Just Out of College" company arrive from the south today and will play here tonight. The papers give the show a good send off.

Murallo—the sanitary wall finish, in all colors. D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

One of the first things a young housekeeper should put on her list of things for the pantry is Hunt's Perfect Extracts and Baking Powder.

Miss Lillie Lawrence returned today from points in Oregon, Washington and British Columbia. She was absent just two months and reports a pleasant time.

Ezra Smith returned today from Minneapolis. He states that they reached that city yesterday afternoon, having been delayed by a punctured tire without sight of the city.

The main point in banking, is, that everything is "O. K." "O. K." is integrity, "O. K." is security, "O. K." is prudence—Security State Bank claims these points. tf

Charles Edward Gates, the walkist left here yesterday going by train to Motley. He claimed that he was entitled to take the train 80 miles of the distance across the continent and had only used 22 of it.

The best roofing for the money. Amate! D. M. Clark & Co. 61tf

Mrs. G. W. Knox, of Aitkin, died at a Minneapolis hospital this morning of Bright's disease. She was formerly a Miss Smith and at one time taught in the Brainerd schools and had a number of friends in this city.

W. B. Guthrie, wife and children, of Kansas City, were in Brainerd last night. They have been spending some weeks at Deerwood, having come up from St. Paul by auto. They were returning the same way.

The funeral of August Hildebrandt, which was held Sunday, was one of the largest in many years, over 40 teams accompanying the remains from the home south of town. There were also many handsome floral offerings.

Jacob Schmidt's bottle beer is delicious. We have the agency. Order a case. Telephone 164 John Coates Liquor Co. tf

Frank Sykora left this morning for Anoka, where he will spend the day with a class mate, leaving tomorrow for Chicago to complete his medical studies. He will graduate in May next when he expects to return and associate himself with Drs. Camp and Thabes.

Hortense Morris, the six year old daughter of C. W. Morris, died yesterday at his home at the corner of Tenth and Front streets, of peritonitis. The remains were taken to Mission by team this forenoon to lay them beside the remains of her mother, who died last spring.

If you make a deposit in the Security State Bank you will start an account that will enable you to give a good account of yourself today, and tomorrow and indefinitely. tf

Mrs. Grandelmyer and Mrs. Thewit entertained very charmingly the other evening in honor of Mrs. L. D. Boies. 500 was played, Mrs. Will Spencer winning the head prize, Mrs. C. M. Patek the second and Mrs. J. A. Wilson the foot prize. The ladies were assisted in attending their guests by the Misses Small, Miss Grexcox and Miss Kitty Reilly. Elegant refreshments were served and a pleasant time enjoyed by all.

Those Men!

"I went into the office looking like a fright," said the woman. "I didn't have a chance to straighten my hat or pat my hair or anything. I had intended to primp going up in the elevator, but there was a man standing before each mirror twirling his mustache, and I couldn't even get a peep at myself."—New York Times.

A Sound Reason.

Robert, aged five, was irritated by the crying of Clara, aged two. "Sister," he said, with great seriousness, "why don't you stop crying? You must be sick. You don't look well and you don't sound well."

Circumstances are beyond the control of man, but his conduct is in his own power.—Beaumont.

Hon. Adlai Stevenson denies that he was ever a "knight of the golden circle," but was a prominent knight of the silver circle, which was just as bad.

UPLIFT FOR FARMERS

Work Mapped Out For President Roosevelt's Commission.

ELABORATE MAP PREPARED.

Drawing in Chief Forester Pinchot's Office Shows Subjects to Be Studied in Coming Investigation of Farm Life Conditions—To Study Many Subjects.

Literally it may be said that the work of President Roosevelt's farm commission is already mapped out. Gifford Pinchot and Liberty H. Bailey, who is president of the commission, have prepared a large drawing of the subjects which will be taken up, and the map is now displayed upon the wall of the chief forester's inner office. In less than a minute a visitor to the room can discover everything that the commission is bent on discovering about the farm and the farmer.

The map closely resembles a family tree. It is like one of those creations which abound in books of heraldry, full of ramifications, perplexingly complex at first glance, yet after a moment's study wonderfully simple. It illustrates how the work of commissions has been systematized under the Roosevelt administration and particularly under the expert hand of Mr. Pinchot. To begin with, the student of the map learns that the popular term "farm commission" is a misnomer. It should be the commission on "social industry," which, as the name signifies, implies a much broader field of activity. The perspective of this commission really involves the entire social structure, but the farmer's portion is by far the most heavily emphasized and is to receive the main consideration.

The main headings of the map are the rural, urban and suburban. The two latter classifications have to do with those other fields which the commission intends to survey only when they enter the domain of the farmer and have an intimate bearing on his life. When the commissioners have completed a study of all the things which may be included under the term "rural" they will, if time allows, make a cursory study of the thousand subjects that come under the other headings, says a Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune. Upon the theme "rural" the map has much to say. Its travels almost defy description, but the first generalization is mapped out as follows: Land supply, organization, communication, corporation, control, education and labor supply.

Each of these subdivisions has numerous other subdivisions and those subdivisions other subdivisions until the visitor is lost in a labyrinth of systematic classification. From the subdivisions of "land supply" one is able to discover that the commission intends to discover the kind and quantity of the land now being tilled in the country; to obtain information as to the location, quality, price, facilities, laws and tenures; how much is public, how much private, how much is rented and leased, the rates of renting and leasing, the terms of acquisition, the amount of taxes, the wage paid to the farm laborer, the acreage of humid, arid and riparian lands and the amount of arid land which is irrigated and suited to dry farming.

After disposing of the "land supply" the map takes up the question of "organization." On this subject the map shows the vast amount of study which was done to bring in every possible subdivision which might require attention. The first subdivision is the "individual." The commission will inquire into the different types of farmers, their health, their stature, their strength, their habits and their intelligence. After that facts as to their housing, their outbuildings, their diet, the food produced and the food purchased, their water supply, whether well or stream; their clothing and the care they take of their children will be inquired into.

The second outgrowth of "organization" is the community. The commission wants to know about the public institutions, the schools, the civic halls, the hospitals, the cemeteries of the farmers, the extent of co-operation among them for profits or mutual betterment and the efforts made for social betterment. A third subdivision is "homestead," under which falls the household, the garden, the kitchen, the lawns, the orchards, the hothouses and the attempts at ornamentation. Lastly under this head the word "farm" is used, and here there is an intricate network of radiation on the map. One line leads to "indoor domestic economy" and another to "outdoor farm economy." Indoor domestic economy is given three phases—"aesthetic," "industrial" and "general." These classifications include house decoration, needlework, cooking, cleaning, fuel, utensils, cost of living, hygiene, sanitation and accounting. Outdoor farm economy is given six subdivisions—"labor," "soil," "stock," "machines," "crops" and "accounting." As to the soil, the map suggests fertilization and cultivation; as to stock, the investigation is to cover varieties, breeding, care, dairy, poultry, stabling, feeding and the barns. Selection and rotation are the principal classifications subordinate to the crops.

The third general heading, "communication," involves just a few lines of inquiry, such as highways, roadmaking, the transportation used, the railways, the express and mail, the telephone service, the magazines and newspapers read by the farmers.

The fourth general classification, "cor-

THE PURE FOOD CAUSE

IS SUPPORTED AND ADVANCED BY

ROMAN FLOUR

MADE BY

BRAINERD MILLING CO.

M. K. SWARTZ M. K. SWARTZ

Having had an opportunity to get a consignment of high grade statuary in advance of the season at a price to give to the public at exceptional values, I will invite you all to call and see this beautiful line and learn the very low price which is only about half their real values.

This sale will not last long as the prices will surely take them quick. It will surely please you to take a look at this beautiful display at our store window.

M. K. SWARTZ

220 Sixth Street South

poration control," is in many ways the most important on the map, and it is the one which promises the hardest work for the commission. It involves the extent to which the farmer is in the grip of the trusts, and the commission will endeavor to ascertain in what way local and general monopolies govern freight, express, stock and refrigerator car charges and in what degree corporate combinations affect the prices of raw products, the output of creameries and the cost of farm implements.

"Education" is not the least of the headings in its ramifications. The commission, if the map is followed, will look into the primary and advanced education on the farm. Under "primary" are found "rudiments," "nature teaching" and "manual training." The commission will discover where the farmer gets the rudiments of his training, how much nature teaches him and presumably report on the manual training. The farmer's "advanced education" will be dealt with by inquiring into the number of college bred farmers or whether they attended the normal or agricultural schools. "Short

courses, correspondence, bulletins, home meetings, readings, itinerant readings, lectures, farmers' institutes and social clubs" will also receive consideration.

In considering the last subdivision "labor supply," the commission will deal with "locality," "character," "cost" and "immigration." It will look up the quality and quantity of labor in different localities, the character whether skilled or unskilled; the scale of wages and the cost of living, the percentage of the immigrant and the percentage that goes to the farm, its effectiveness and productiveness. Child labor is also a subject to be studied and the map contains many other suggestions which may be followed, completing the most elaborate undertaking ever attempted by a commission.

The disaffected negro who says he has paid his debt to the Republican party should ask himself what he owes to the Democratic party.

Backache, Kidney Pain

Pains in the small of the back. There's no mistaking this sign of kidney trouble.

Other indications are frequent urination, pain or smarting when passing water, deposits in the urine, headache and loss of flesh. Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills overcome kidney derangements more promptly and thoroughly than any treatment you can obtain because of their combined and direct action on liver and kidneys.

This letter to prove our claim. Mr. B. F. TREGO, Polk, Pa., writes: "During eight years of suffering from kidney disease six doctors treated me with little benefit. On the third day after beginning the use of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills I noticed an improvement and after using three boxes had gained 23 pounds and felt better than I had for nine years. I have told many about my wonderful cure."

One pill a dose, 25 cts. a box, at all dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co. Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney and Liver Pills H. P. DUNN.

The RANSFORD BARBER SHOP

TELEPHONE 156

Hair Cutting

Shampooing

Singeing

Shaving

Massaging

Ransford Basement

WHITE BROS.

We have just unloaded a car of Acorn Stoves and Ranges. If you want to be SHOWN we can demonstrate that we have the best piece of goods in the city.

Our stock of guns and ammunition leads them all. Ask us.

616 Laurel Street.

Brainerd, Minn.

BOY'S SUIT SALE

We have about 100 Boy's Suits, two and three piece—3 to 8 years—regular price \$1.50 to \$3.00. These we will close out this week

at only 98c

B. Kaatz & Son.

BLUES WIN IN Y. M. C. A. CONTEST

Two Hundred and Nineteen New Members are Secured to the Association

IN ONLY TEN DAYS WORK

Association Now Has a Total Membership of 430--211 Are Old Members

The membership campaign for the Y. M. C. A. which has been waging since Sept. 16 for 10 days was brought to a lively close at 11:30 Saturday night. Men of both sides held back applications to the last few minutes and that kept the anxiety more intense. At six o'clock in the evening there was a total of 161 and there was a large addition during the evening of 58. The blues won the campaign by a total of 117 while the reds wound up with 102. This campaign for the association means much at this time and the large number of new applications secured is a big surprise to many.

George Anderson has the honor of bringing in the greatest number of new applications a total of 36. L. P. White takes second place with 25 to his credit. L. S. Zakariassen who set so strong a pace at the outset registered 23 and Matt Rodman 22.

The lobby of the association was a lively place as the last saw a thronging mass of interested workers and members who were anxious about the outcome. With the outlook now and the more interested members the association can now do good work if everybody gets right into the harness. The work is only begun, but a record can now be made for this association.

Members on books when campaign began 211

Total number of new applications 219

Total 430

Reds	Blues	Total
A. Johnson 7	C. J. Olson 5	
Jake Senti 13	Al. Johnson 3	
L. Jones 1	L. P. White 25	
A. C. Mraz 7	A. C. Fuller 6	
Wm. Hessel 5	Zarkaraisen 23	
G. Anderson 36	G. S. Swanson 5	
R. Hall 2	A. Halberg 7	
Al. Broling 12	B. W. Talcott 1	
W. Smallwood 1	C. D. McKay 10	
C. Wood 4	W. G. Dixon 1	
E. Gardner 1	G. H. Gardner 1	
R. Woodley 6	L. E. Thayer 2	
E. Moody 1	J. Thompson 1	
B. Ford 2	O. Swanson 1	
H. Kemp 2	W. A. Hanna 2	
	F. B. Moore 2	
Total 102	Total 117	
Grand Total 219		
Gain over Friday 74		
Entire list 430		

WILL INTEREST MANY
Every person should know that good health is impossible if the kidneys are deranged. Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure kidney and bladder disease in every form and will build up and strengthen these organs so they will perform their functions properly. No danger of Bright's disease or diabetes of Foley's Kidney remedy is taken in time. H. P. Dunn. mwf

MRS. L. H. BRUNS DEAD

Wife of Well Known Optician Died at Her Home in Anoka Saturday and Was Buried Today

Mrs. L. H. Bruns, of Anoka, wife of Dr. L. H. Bruns, the well known optician who visits Brainerd each month, died Saturday morning at Anoka, after an illness of several months. She suffered a nervous collapse while in Minneapolis in July but partially recovered. She had been in bed about two weeks, however, at the time of her death. The funeral took place at Anoka today.

Passed Examination Successfully
James Donahue, New Britain, Conn., writes: "I tried several kidney remedies and was treated by our best physicians for diabetes, but did not improve until I took Foley's Kidney Remedy. After the second bottle I showed improvement and five bottles cured me completely. I have since passed a rigid examination for life insurance." Foley's Kidney remedy cures backache and all forms of kidney and bladder troubles. H. P. Dunn. mwf

MARRIAGE LICENSES

The following licenses have been issued for the week ending September 26.

Sept. 21, Chas. W. Lawson and Helena Broese; Sept. 21, Willard G. Dixon and Amy Holsapple; Sept. 22, J. C. Norton and Ritta Hull.

When Trifles become Troubles
If anyone suspects that their kidneys are deranged they should take Foley's Kidney remedy at once and not risk Bright's disease or diabetes. Delay gives the disease a firmer foothold and you should not delay taking Foley's Kidney Remedy. H. P. Dunn. mwf

For Reception

There will be a meeting of the members of the various young people's societies at the Y. M. C. A. tonight to arrange for a reception to be given to the new members of the association in the near future.

The laboring men of the nation vote as citizens and do their own thinking, which is the best assurance that their votes will not be "delivered" by any leaders or alleged leaders.

MR. MCKINLEY'S SIDE

Claims That Statements Given to Dispatch Saturday Was Not Complete as to Controversy

Geo. A. McKinley claims that the statement made in Saturday's DISPATCH of the replevin proceedings of the Itasca Cedar and Tie Co. was incorrect and that it only gave their claims. His contention is that there is over \$30,000 due him from the Itasca Cedar and Tie Co., and that the time of payment is long past due, and states that he demanded that amount before any more material would be shipped. The Itasca Cedar and Tie Co. has put up a bond of \$100,000 under which the sheriff has taken possession of the material. Deputy Sheriff Theorin states that informal notice has been given that the McKinley interests will rebound and resume possession.

Foley's Orino Laxative is a new remedy, an improvement on the laxatives of former years, as it does not gripe or nauseate and is pleasant to take. It is guaranteed. H. P. Dunn.

GETTING RATHER WINTRY

Weather Took a Serious Turn Saturday and Snow Fell at Gull Lake Sunday Afternoon

The beautiful summer weather took a sudden change after the rain Saturday and there were a few floating flakes of snow to be seen in the air. I. U. White, who was at Gull lake, reports quite a flurry there. A heavy frost prevailed last night despite the clouds and wind. Had it been clear everything would have frozen stiff. Today has been intensely disagreeable with a cold northeast wind blowing. The weather predictions are for clear and cooler, so cover up your plants tonight, if they escaped last night.

Quick Relief for Asthma Sufferers
Foley's Honey and Tar affords immediate relief to asthma sufferers in the worst stages and if taken in time will effect a cure. H. P. Dunn. mwf

TWENTY YEARS AGO

W. A. Fleming, of Brainerd, R. C. Dunn, of Princeton, and James C. Flynn, of Morrison, were nominate for the legislature on the republican ticket for the 39th District, which consisted of the counties of Crow Wing, Todd, Benton, Mille Lacs and Morrison.

Joe Cohen was at the Minnesota National guard tournament the first of the week.

The building being erected by the Y. M. C. A. is assuming shape and will be enclosed this week. It will be a credit to the city.

P. M. Reilly and Ed. Hawkins are visiting friends in Brainerd. The gentlemen are located at Missoula, Mont., and are well pleased with that country.

Rev. I. Bergstrom has resigned his pastorate as well as the secretaryship of the Y. M. C. A. and will work during the month for the prohibition party exclusively.

Judge Fleming is in receipt of a telegram announcing the death of his brother Milton's wife at their old home in New York. Milton and his wife spent last spring in the city.

Mrs. C. L. Spaulding is dead at her home in this city. The lady has been seriously ill for some weeks and her death was not unexpected.

Dr. Werner Hemstead has opened an office for the practice of medicine in rooms over Johnson & Bane's drugstore.

S. F. Alderman & Co., is the style of the new wholesale cigar and tobacco house that has recently been established in this city. The new firm will be located in the Farrar building near the skating rink on the north side.

Mrs. S. P. Fleming, who has been at Two Harbors for some time, has returned to Brainerd.

J. H. Koop is probably the happiest man in town. On Tuesday morning Mrs. Koop presented him with a fine baby boy and J. H. says he is a democrat, just like his father.

Dr. Bigger left last night for St. Paul. The Doctor wishes it understood that he is still in the employ of the company and has not left Brainerd for good. Dr. Courtney succeeds Dr. Bigger at the Sanitarium and has already taken charge. The appointment is a good one and is entirely satisfactory.

S. H. Parker has acquired a half interest in F. A. B. King's wood and coal yard and will assume charge on Monday next. Mr. Parker is a hustler from way back and his many friends are glad to hear of his new venture.

Innocence

"Why," he asked, "do girls like so much to display diamond rings on their engagement fingers?"

"Well," she replied as she carelessly twirled the jewel on her third finger. "You know there is nothing like a shining example to stimulate one when he has a purpose in mind."

When she had time to speak again she cried:

"Oh, Fred, I hope you don't think I was trying to throw out a hint. I never suspected that you cared about me at all!"—Judge's Library

DEANERY MEETS IN BRAINERD TUESDAY

Interesting Program Prepared for the Meeting Over Which Bishop Presides

NINETEEN COUNTIES INCLUDED

Convocation Opens Tuesday Evening and Continues Through Wednesday

The convocation of the Mississippi Valley Deanery of the Duluth Diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church will meet in Brainerd Tuesday evening and continue throughout Wednesday. The deanery comprises the counties of Big Stone, Traverse, Stevens, Pope, Stearns, Benton, Mille Lac, Morrison, Todd, Douglas, Grant, Wadena, Hubbard, Crow Wing, Aitkin, Cass, South half of Beltrami, Clearwater and Kanabec. The following is the program:

TUESDAY'S SESSION

7:30 p. m. Evening Prayer and Sermon. VERY REV. H. L. BURLERSON

WEDNESDAY'S SESSION

7:30 a. m. Holy Communion.

9:30 a. m. Morning Prayer.

10:30 a. m. Conference of the Clergy and Meditation by the Bishop.

12:00 m. Prayers for Missions.

AFTERNOON

2:00 p. m. The Value of a Definite Creed. Paper by REV. ERIK FORSBERG.

2:30 p. m. The Place of the Eucharist in Our Worship. Paper by REV. GEO. E. PLATT.

3:00 p. m. How to Build up a Parish? (a) The Parish—Its Purpose and Its Organization. Paper by REV. J. R. ATWILL.

(b) Duties, Responsibilities and Privileges of the Rector. Paper by REV. CHAS. O. WRIGHT.

(c) Duties, Responsibilities and Privileges of the Vestry. Paper by REV. S. L. MITCHELL.

(d) Rights and Responsibilities of the Laity. Paper by REV. E. M. DAVIS.

(e) Cordial and Sympathetic Understanding and Co-operation by all. Paper by REV. H. F. PARSHALL.

5:00 p. m. Recreation.

7:30 p. m. Missionary Meeting.

Two Addresses by Clergy Present.

The Laity are cordially invited to attend all of these meetings except the business conference on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

Millions of bottles of Foley's Honey and Tar have been sold without any person ever having experienced any other than beneficial results from its use for coughs, colds and lung troubles. This is because the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar in the yellow package contains no opiates or other harmful drugs. Guard your health by refusing any but the genuine. H. P. Dunn. mwf

FEW VACANT HOUSES

Directory Man Has Completed Canvas of South Side and South-east Brainerd and Found Six

There are very few empty houses in Brainerd according to the directory man. Mr. Ley has finished the canvas of the First, Fourth and Fifth wards and states that he has found but six vacant houses in the three wards, and that they were not very good ones. He expects to complete the canvas in about three or four weeks. The books will be ready for delivery about Christmas.

It is a paradox in politics, but it is nevertheless true, that the party in power is not on the defensive in this campaign. The Republican record and candidates need no defense. The Democrats are the apologists this year.

But He Runs on Politics

(From the New York Sun.)

What will Mr. Bryan say After next election day?

Mr. Bryan will insist That he is an optimist.

What of that? Beaten three times! What of that?

He's the one great Democrat! Willing for his fellow men To be beaten once again.

Read the Commoner and learn! Mr. Bryan, Mr. Kern, Sail together on this trip In the old, oft stranded ship. (They have quarters in the sternal.

In this antiquated craft, While they gaze at Mr. Taft Miles ahead—the race near done And by Taft and Sherman won—Mr. Bryan, ever wise, Doubtless will philosophize And to Mr. Kern recite That remark, already trite, All prepared and often sprung: "Beaten? Yes, but I'm still young! I can wait another four Years, then try the race once more. I have got this thing down pat. I'm the one great Democrat!" —Julian Durand.

Making or Keeping Promises

The difference between Mr. Taft's promise of tariff revision and Mr. Bryan's pledges in the same direction is that Mr. Taft if elected will be in position to redeem his pledge, while Mr. Bryan if elected would be powerless to accomplish anything with a Republican Senate arrayed against his free trade plans.—Omaha Bee.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

Sept. 22, Bessie Anderson, now Norcross and husband, to Mrs. M. A. Duggan, w. d. w. s. w. i. w. s. e. n. w. i. 9-45-28. \$1 500

Sept. 22, Albert Angel and wife, to Mrs. Mary Doerfer Russell, w. d. n. 200 feet of s. 400 feet of lot 4 of 35-135-28. 150

Sept. 22, Julius Brandt and wife, to Oscar Erickson, w. d. lot 11, block 7. 150

Sept. 23, Edward Cullen and wife, to O'Brien Mercantile Co., w. d. lot 18 and n. lot 19, block 80, First add to Brainerd. 2 000

Sept. 24, Oscar J. Carlson, (single) et al to John N. Hill, n. w. i. of n. w. i. and n. s. w. i. of n. w. i. 9-46-25. 1 500

Sept. 21, Deerwood Improvement Co., to F. L. Pitt, spl. w. d. 50 by 150 in se corner of block 13, Deerwood. 190

Sept. 26, Deerwood Improvement Co., to Carl Oscar Johnson, spl. w. d. lot 5, block 15, Deerwood. 150

Sept. 13, Deerwood Improvement Co., to Chas. Blomen, spl. w. d. lot 6, block 15, Deerwood. 150

Sept. 22, Mary Hitchcock and husband, to Eva Fanny Brandt, w. d. w. s. e. i. sec. 20, n. s. w. i. sec. 28 and n. e. i. of sec. 20, all in 45-29. 1 800

Sept. 24, John N. Hill and wife, to Edwin A. Lamb, w. d. n. w. i. of n. w. i. and n. s. w. i. of n. w. i. 9-46-25. 1 500

Sept. 25, Emil Hanson and wife, to Edwin A. Lamb, w. d. s. i. of n. e. i. 28-46-29. 1

Sept. 21, Andrew Lindberg widow, to Louis Zalk and A. A. Hobbs, w. d. e. s. w. i. 28-46-28. 1 450

Sept. 23, John Larson, single, to Louis Rachleau and Robert B. Whiteside, w. d. minerals on s. w. i. n. e. i. and n. e. i. s. w. i. 15-46-29. 500

Sept. 26, W. J. Ladd and wife, to Henry J. Cooper, w. d. lot 3, Carlisle's Lake Front. 50

Sept. 26, E. A. Merrill and wife, to Ezra B. Merrill and Mabel B. Merrill, q. c. d. lot 2, 11-135-29. 1

Sept. 25, Gustav Olson and wife, to Sam'l R. Lind, w. d. w. s. e. feet of lots 4 and 6, block 7, East Brainerd. 300

Sept. 25, B. Peterson and wife, to Geo. W. Holland, q. c. d. n. s. w. i. and n. w. i. of s. w. i. 31-45-30. 150

Sept. 26, Chas. Taltzin and wife, to M. D. O'Brien and Joseph Keiz, w. i. n. w. i. n. e. i. n. w. i. 3-138-29. 2 200

Sept. 21, United States to William Herr, patent e. s. n. e. i. s. w. i. n. e. i. sec. 30-138-25. 20

Sept. 24, United States to Robt. Klimm, patent, s. s. s. i. 24-46-30. 1

Sept. 25, United States to Genevieve E. Vang, e. s. w. i. 32-46-29. 1

Sept. 23, Robert Whiteside and wife, to Louis Rouchleau, spl. w. d. land in 46 29. 1

The Difference Between a Suit

What your tailor? TRADE MARK REGISTERED 1900



COPYRIGHT 1900 BY E. J. PIERCE & CO.

made expressly for the man who wears it, and a suit pulled out of a nondescript pile of store clothing is plainly apparent.

Tailor-made-clothes, if the product of those famous merchant tailors, Ed. V. Price & Co., whom we represent here, are

Not Surpassed Anywhere

in the world; but ready-made clothing has to labor under the burden of generality and "average sizes," which means that only one man out of fifty can get anything like a proper fit.

Let us have made up for you your choice of 500 handsome Fall fabrics and 28 exclusive Fashion ideas—just what you want—all for much less money than a small tailor has to charge.

A. G. LAGERQUIST, Bane Block

WHERE SHIRT MAKERS

Approves Legislation to Improve the Conditions of Labor.

(From Sherman's Speech of Acceptance.)

The Republican party believes in the equality of all men before the law, believes in granting labor's every request that does not seek to accord rights to one man denied to another. Fair-minded labor asks no more, no less, and approves the record of the Republican party because of that party's acts.

I have helped to make my party's record in the enactment of the Eight Hour law, the Employers' Liability act, the statutes to minimize the hazard of railroad employes, the Child Labor law for the District of Columbia and other enactments designed especially to improve the conditions of labor.

I cannot hope to better state my position on injunctions than by a special endorsement of Mr. Taft's Cincinnati declaration on that subject. That endorsement I make.

DR JOSEPH NICHOLSON

O'Brien Block

712 Laurel St. Phone 713

Open Day and Night

A. F. GROVES, M. D.

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat

Walverman Bldg. 616 Front St.

Office Hours:

10 a. m. to 12:30 p. m.

2 to 4:30 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Phones:

Office..... 708

Residence..... 92

Residence: 311 North Broadway

For Sale

A farm in Crow Wing County in Section 16, 134-29. A beautiful location between Long and Gull Lakes. House and barn. Ideal location for building of beautiful summer resort.

ALFRED MOBERG,

Box 1767, Brainerd.

Leave orders at

Brockway & Parker's

FOR

LATH MILL WOOD

or phone 19J4. \$3.00 a cord

A MONARCH Range



Actually Pays for itself in COLD CASH

BY reducing fuel bills 25 to 50 per cent.

BY saving one quarter of the time usually spent in the kitchen.

BY eternally doing away with nearly ALL of the disagreeable labor necessary to keep the ordinary range half-way presentable.

Understand us!

Time, fuel and labor represent real money and the Monarch Range will positively save enough of all three to pay back its own cost in a short time.

¶ We don't make this statement thoughtlessly, but with a desire to demonstrate it to every intending range buyer.

¶ Our years of experience as range dealers convinces us that the construction of the Monarch fully justifies this claim.

How the Monarch Malleable Range Saves

TIME

Much time is wasted with a common range waiting for hot fire in the morning or a baking heat during the day. The Monarch works PROMPTLY. A piping hot fire in five minutes after opening drafts is the regular thing.

FUEL

Ranges of common type WASTE fuel because outside air is drawn in through its open seams and joints. The Monarch utilizes ALL the heat in the coal or wood. It is built AIR-TIGHT by riveting its steel plates to Malleable iron frames—no stove bolts or putty used.

LABOR

The hardest and most disagreeable tasks about the kitchen are blacking the range top and cleaning the crusted black bottoms of cooking utensils. All this is done away with by the Monarch polished top that don't require stove blacking.

Slipp-Gruenhagen Co.

MOULDED puddings of any kind—blanc manges, jellies, custards, etc., will "stand up" more firmly and be more deliciously good and wholesome if a little

KINGSFORD'S OSWEGO CORN STARCH

is added. Two of America's most famous cooks will tell you in our book—

"Original Recipes and Cooking Hints"

the unusual benefits to be derived from Kingsford's Oswego Corn Starch in the betterment of foods in general. For quality, always get Kingsford's—sixty-six years of superiority.

Grocers—pound pkgs.—10c.

T. KINGSFORD & SON, OSWEGO, N. Y.
NATIONAL STARCH COMPANY, Successors



Scene from George Ade's successful comedy "Just Out of College" at Opera House Tonight



THREE MEN KILLED.

Freight Train Goes Through a Burning Bridge.

Hamilton, Ont., Sept. 28.—Three men were killed in the wreck of a freight train on the Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo railroad at Mineral Springs. The dead are:

Engineer McFadden, Fireman Brown and W. Maloney, a companion of Fireman Brown.

The freight train was crossing a bridge when it was seen that the wooden supports of the structure were burning. The engine was almost across when the structure gave way, carrying half a dozen freight cars into the dry bed of the stream below.

How Sea Lions Capture Gulls.

The sea lion displays no little skill and cunning in capturing gulls. When in pursuit the sea lion dives deeply under water and swims some distance from where it disappeared; then, rising cautiously, it exposes the tip of its nose along the surface, at the same time giving it a rotary motion. The unwary bird, near by alights to catch the object, while the sea lion at the same moment settles beneath the waves and at one bound, with extended jaws, seizes its screaming prey and instantly devours it.

TAFT AND BRYAN IN MINNEAPOLIS

Rival Presidential Candidates
Exchange Courtesies.

COULD NOT ARRANGE MEETING

Though Each Expressed a Desire to See the Other, Their Engagements Conflicted and They Did Not Meet. Judge Taft Delivered an Address Before a Large Crowd at the Dedication of the Y. M. C. A. Building in St. Paul.

Minneapolis, Sept. 28.—Judge Taft and William Jennings Bryan exchanged courtesies here. When Mr. Bryan arrived here he immediately sent one of the men traveling with him to the West hotel with a message to Judge Taft that he would be glad to call on him at the hotel. Mr. Taft sent word back to the Democratic leader that he would be glad to see him. Mr. Taft was scheduled to speak at the dedication of a new Y. M. C. A. building in St. Paul before his date with Mr. Bryan and he hurried back in an automobile to keep his engagement with Mr. Bryan. When he arrived at the hotel he found a message from the Nebraskaan, who said that Mr. Bryan was very sorry that he had forgotten that he had a dinner engagement at the hour he had selected to meet Mr. Taft. Mr. Bryan suggested that if it was convenient for Mr. Taft he would drop in at the hotel on his way to the railroad station and shake hands with him. Mr. Taft, however, had an engagement to speak before the congregation of the Fowler Methodist church here in the evening, and he sent Colonel Daniel Ransdell, sergeant-at-arms of the United States senate, who has personal charge of the Taft train, to explain the situation to Mr. Bryan and to convey his regrets. This Colonel Ransdell did. Mr. Bryan expressed his regret at missing an opportunity to greet Mr. Taft and after inquiring about the condition of Mr. Taft's voice, said that he hoped that he would speedily recover.

Bryan the Guest of Lind.

Mr. Bryan while he was in the city stopped at the home of John Lind, former governor of Minnesota. Mr. Bryan's arrival in the city was signaled by vociferous cheers from a good crowd which had assembled at the depot. At St. Paul he was met by F. B. Lynch, national committee man, and escorted here. Because of the fact that Governor Johnson had a speaking engagement in St. Paul he was unable to meet the Democratic candidate. En route from Milwaukee to this place Mr. Bryan was greeted by several large crowds who cheered him and demanded that he make a speech. Mr. Bryan, however, informed his hearers that Sunday was his only day of rest and that it was his invariable rule not to make political talks on that day. In the frantic struggle of the crowd at the depot here to get to him and shake his hand a man had his arm badly broken. Mr. Bryan left here over the Omaha branch of the Chicago and Northwestern for Mitchell, S. D.

Mr. Taft's Y. M. C. A. speech in St. Paul was before a large crowd. Secretary Grace of the St. Paul Y. M. C. A. said in introducing him that of the many distinguished men in public life who have from time to time approved the work of the Y. M. C. A. he knew of none whose endorsement had done more for the cause than had Judge Taft's.

Mr. Taft's speech was an appreciation of the good work that the Y. M. C. A. is doing all over the world and the influence that it has in the making of good citizens and the uplifting of humanity.

"To find how effective the work of the Y. M. C. A. is," said Mr. Taft, "it was necessary for me to go 10,000 miles away from home, to the Philippine islands and the Panama canal."

Mr. Taft praised the Y. M. C. A. for its splendid work in the Isthmian canal zone and said, with due deference to the ministers, that the Y. M. C. A. boys had accomplished the most good in helping maintain the morals of the workmen and in establishing Christian influence in the canal strip.

One of the first advantages which the Y. M. C. A. presents, in Judge Taft's opinion, is the opportunity for wealthy men to aid their less fortunate fellow men by contributions.

WIPED OUT BY FIRE.

Two Villages in Michigan Are Destroyed.

Thompsonville, Mich., Sept. 28.—Forest fires destroyed the village of Homestead, eight miles north of this place, containing the charcoal kilns and the lumber yards of Alexander Zimmerman & Co. of this place. The loss will exceed \$60,000 and twenty families were rendered homeless. The women and children of these families were taken to Copemish. Firemen have been sent from here to assist the people of Homestead. Bach, a small station on the Michigan Central north of Vassar, Mich., was wiped out by fire. The railway station, sawmills and lumber yards burned first; and then the fire spread to the residences in the village. At last reports the fire was still raging.

SUPPLY IS VERY LOW.

Lack of Disinfectants Causes Serious Situation in Manila.

Manila, Sept. 28.—There were four new cases and three deaths reported for the past twenty-four hours. Practically the entire staffs of the bureau of sciences and the local medical schools have been drafted into the service to fight the cholera. The two senior classes of the medical school are acting as nurses and attendants at the various hospitals established for the treatment of cholera patients. A serious situation is caused by the supply of disinfectants running very low. The bureau of sciences is experimenting with electricity and sea water to produce chloroline for use until the new supplies of disinfectants arrive. Enormous quantities of disinfectants have been used in the vigorous efforts to cleanse the entire city.

NOTED FEUDIST KILLED.

Thomas Cockrill Run Over by a Train.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 28.—The body of a man who was run over by a train and instantly killed in the Kentucky and Indiana railroad yards has been identified as that of Thomas Cockrill, the noted Breathitt county (Ky.) feudist. Cockrill's presence in the yards has not been explained, but it is presumed he was either on his way to or returning from a visit to his old home. He was a brother of Jim Cockrill, who was at one time marshal of Jackson and was assassinated. Tom Cockrill was also involved in several feud battles and had killed at least one member of the Hargis faction.

LOCOMOTIVE EXPLODES.

Engineer Killed and Two Other Men Seriously Injured.

Milwaukee, Sept. 28.—Engineer Fred J. Good was killed and Chris J. Hanson, fireman, and B. N. Taylor, brakeman, were seriously injured by the explosion of a locomotive attached to a northbound freight train on the St. Paul railroad in the Portage, Wis., yards. The three men resided in Milwaukee.

The cause of the explosion is not known. Engineer Good was hurled fifty feet and died shortly after being picked up. Hanson and Taylor were badly scalded.

The Heaviest Rainfall.

The heaviest rainfall known upon the earth occurs upon the mountain slopes beyond the head of the Bay of Bengal and amounts on the average to 610 inches, or nearly fifty-one feet, a year. One inch of rain implies a fall of 101 tons of water upon each acre of ground. This will convey a fair idea of the amount of water that falls annually in the region indicated.

Rains Quench Forest Fires.

Milwaukee, Sept. 28.—Dispatches to the Sentinel report forest fires, which have been raging in Northern Michigan and Wisconsin for some time have been quenched by heavy rains and that all danger for the present is removed.

BASEBALL SCORES.

American League.

At Chicago, 3; Boston, 0.

At Detroit, 5; Philadelphia, 1.

National League.

At Cincinnati, 4; St. Louis, 7. Second game—Cincinnati, 6; St. Louis, 1—five innings; called at dark.

MARKET QUOTATIONS.

Minneapolis Wheat.

Minneapolis, Sept. 26.—Wheat—Sept., \$1.02½; Dec., \$1.03; May, \$1.07½. On track—No. 1 hard, \$1.05½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.04½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.03½; No. 3 Northern, 99½c@1.01½.

Duluth Wheat and Flax.

Duluth, Sept. 26.—Wheat—On track—No. 1 hard, \$1.04½; No. 1 Northern, \$1.04½; No. 2 Northern, \$1.01½; Sept., \$1.03½; Dec., \$1.02½; May, \$1.06½; Oct., \$1.04. Flax—To arrive, on track and Sept., \$1.23½; Oct., \$1.23½; Nov., \$1.23½; Dec., \$1.21½; May, \$1.26½.

St. Paul Union Stock Yards.

St. Paul, Sept. 26.—Cattle—Good to choice steers, \$6.00@6.75; fair to good \$5.00@5.75; good to choice cows and heifers, \$4.00@5.00; calves, \$3.75@6.00. Hogs—\$6.50@6.75. Sheep—Wethers, \$3.50@3.75; yearlings, \$4.00@4.25; lambs, \$3.50@4.25.

Chicago Grain and Provisions.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—Wheat—Sept., \$1.00½; Dec., \$1.01½; May, \$1.04½. Corn—Sept., 79½c; Oct., 76c; Dec., 66½c; May, 65½c. Oats—Sept., 46½c; Dec., 49½c; May, 51½c. Pork—Sept., \$15.25; Oct., \$15.25; Jan., \$16.90; May, \$16.85. Butter—Creameries, 19@24c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs—17@20c. Poultry—Turkeys, 14@15c; chickens, 10½@11c; springs, 11½@12c.

Chicago Union Stock Yards.

Chicago, Sept. 26.—Cattle—Beeves, \$3.70@7.65; Texans, \$3.60@5.10; West erners, \$3.40@6.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.60@4.55; cows and heifers, \$1.75@5.60; calves, \$6.00@8.25. Hogs—Light, \$6.50@7.80; mixed, \$6.55@7.85; heavy, \$6.50@7.40; rough, \$6.50@6.75; good to choice heavy, \$6.75@7.40; pigs, \$4.50@6.20. Sheep, \$2.85@4.20; yearlings, \$4.25@4.75; lambs, \$3.25@5.70.

BENEFITS IN DYSPEPSIA

Typhoid, if You Pull Through Gives You a New Stomach.

GOOD EVEN IN RHEUMATISM.

That Painful Affliction Keeps Other Miseries Out of the System and Is a Promoter of Long Life—Blessings of Colds and Smallpox.

To be struck down by disease seems a most undesirable thing, yet there are many living today in the fullest enjoyment of very excellent health who but for an attack of some disease would have lived a life of almost perpetual misery.

These people were, first of all, victims of indigestion in its worst form, and only those who have experienced it know what true indigestion is. Struck down by typhoid fever, they came through the trying ordeal cured of indigestion, for one outstanding eccentricity of typhoid is that if you pass through an attack safely it gives you a new stomach. In fact, after an attack of typhoid the victim is usually left with a stomach like an infant.

That is the grand chance offered to one who has suffered, it may be, for long years from acute indigestion. If only he takes care, after an attack of typhoid he need never know indigestion again.

Be it remembered that any one troubled with severe indigestion is not advised to go hunting around for typhoid fever. That might prove to be a disastrous course to follow.

A chronic cold is just one of those things which none of us want, yet even a chronic cold has its good points, more especially if you happen to be up in years a bit—not too old, of course. People who are up in years and who suffer from chronic bronchitis seem to get remarkably well. It keeps the blood in good circulation, for, of course, the victims have to cough, and that gives the heart a jerk and sends the blood coursing nicely through the veins and arteries.

If the cold be not too acute, old people derive considerable benefit. An acute attack, on the other hand, may cut off an old person in a day or two. It is the chronic type only which yields benefit.

Smallpox is a dreaded scourge, so much so that if it be reported that a case exists in a neighborhood a thrill passes through the whole community.

Yet those who suffer from smallpox and recover usually live to a green old age. It seems to renew life in some mysterious way by thoroughly purifying the blood.

If, however, you desire to attain to a ripe old age, you cannot get on at all without rheumatism. Consider the hosts of old folks you encounter hobbling about, grumbling all the day about their bones and joints. In all probability these old people would have been in their graves years before but for this very rheumatism.

The reason is that if rheumatism is in the system it keeps other ills out. It makes a grand fighting force and keeps most other enemies of the human frame at bay, especially those of the germ type.

Very naturally if you have such a grand friend at hand you have to pay something for aid rendered, but the pain of rheumatism, if shockingly severe at times, is not deadly, and that is why one gets so little sympathy when suffering from rheumatism.

But the plain fact is that a slight malady always benefits you, even if indirectly. As an example of that, say a very bad spell of weather comes along, cold and wet, and you contract a slight chill.

What do you propose to do? Why, to take the greatest care of yourself and make as certain as possible that your cold gets no chance of developing into anything worse. Now, did that very slight cold not make its appearance and cause you to be extremely careful of what you did there is no saying what might happen to you any day during a spell of evil, cold weather. You might have exposed yourself so much that a severe chill would have seized you, followed by inflammation of the lungs.

Accordingly a slight cold may easily save you from many worse ills.

In this way minor afflictions act as warnings that worse things are coming along, but unfortunately many persons quite neglect these warnings. A man, for example, has indigestion more or less constantly, yet pays little heed, always expecting that it will disappear one day. Now, if he had just paid attention to the matter at the beginning—heeded the warning, in short—he might not have been let in for a severe liver attack later on.

Every pain, every ache, every head-ache—all these are warnings that something else is on the way and will be along shortly.—Pearson's Weekly.

An Idea of Business.

"Does your titled son-in-law know anything about business?"

"Well," answered Mr. Cumrox doubtfully, "he has had a lot of experience with promissory notes, and he knows how to get a check raised."—Washington Star.

The Lightweight Champion.

Simpkins—You say that little man was formerly the lightweight champion? Timkins—Yes, Simpkins—How did he lose the title? Timkins—Oh, he didn't lose it. He merely sold his grocery and retired.—Chicago News.

To feign a virtue is to have its opposite vice.—Hawthorne

BRainerd OPERA HOUSE

Curtain 8:15

Friday, Oct. 2

The one attraction that the management guarantees. Sheeley & Huntington presents

The National Opera Co.

In "Erminie" or "The Two Thieves"

Positively the same cast that appears in the larger cities, including the following principals: Mlle. Palme, Jessie Mayhew, Chas. E. Huntington, Chas. J. Neilson, Adah Heyman, Shelah Sheeley, Chas. Vaughan and Wm. Ormsby and the best

Singing chorus in America

Reserve your seats well in advance

25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00

PAINTERS and PAPER HANGERS

See us for latest wall paper. Estimates furnished

Curtis & Lieb

Telephones 2994 and 2465

G. D. LaBar, President
G. W. HOLLAND, Vice President
F. A. FARRAR, Cashier
Geo. H. BROWN, Ass't. Cashier

CAPITAL \$50,000
SURPLUS \$50,000

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

BRainerd, MINN
ESTABLISHED-1881

Interest paid on

Time and Savings Deposits.

Your Banking Business Solicited

Fish and Frost.

Some varieties of fish can stand any amount of cold without harm. Perch will live in ponds which are frozen practically solid in every hard winter. The whitefish of Canada, caught through holes in the ice, have been picked up frozen so stiff that they would break like brittle sticks, yet when carefully thawed out showed signs of life.

Now is the Time to buy

Some of our Real Estate Snaps. 1 Vacant lots in all parts of the city at 1/2 price.

1 Houses for sale on easy payment plan.

1 Houses for rent.

LYMAN P. WHITE

Representative of A. A. White

Townsite Co.
419 W. Front Street

Awnings, Tents, Stack Covers, Flags, Etc.
Write for prices and catalogue.
American Tent & Awning Co.
207-209-211 Wash. Ave. N., Minneapolis

WANTS

Notices under this head will be charged for at the rate of one cent a word for the first insertion and one-half a cent a word for subsequent insertions—strictly cash in advance unless advertiser has ledger account with the office, but no ad will be taken for less than ten cents.

WANTED—Girl at the Palace hotel. 85tf

WANTED—Dining room girl at the Hotel Earl. 96tf

WANTED—A man over 21 years old for ward work at the N. P. Sanitarium. 82tf

GIRL WANTED—For general housework. Mrs. P. O'Conner, 224 North 9th street. 97tf

FOR SALE—The house and two lots No. 515 Holly St., facing the park. Ask the occupant, Mrs. Annie M. Bennett. 94tf

TAKEN UP—White and lemon English setter. Owner can have same by proving property and paying for advertisement. Clyde Parker. 97tf

Broken Glasses Accurately Replaced

Mail the pieces!

MOREAU OPTICIAN RELIEVES EYESTRAIN AND HEADACHES
Caused by Eyestrain
USE HIS GLASSES

T. V. MOREAU MANUFACTURING OPTICIAN
616 Nicollet Ave., Minneapolis